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(54) Title: HIV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTION	ры д	SANDWICH HVDDIDIZATION ASSAND		

#### (57) Abstract

Novel DNA probe sequences for detection of HIV in a sample in a solution phase sandwich hybridization assay are described. Amplified nucleic acid hybridization assays using the probes are exemplified.

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-1-

# HIV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTION PHASE SANDWICH HYBRIDIZATION ASSAYS Description

This invention is in the field of nucleic acid hybridization assays. More specifically, it relates to novel nucleic acid probes for detecting Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).

#### 15 Background Art

Technical Field

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The etiological agent of AIDS and ARC has variously been termed LAV, HTLV-III, ARV, and HIV. Hereinafter it will be referred to as HIV. Detection of the RNA or DNA of this virus is possible through a variety of probe sequences and hybridization formats.

PCT WO 88/01302, filed 11 August 1987, discloses thirteen HIV oligonucleotides for use as probes in detecting HIV DNA or RNA. PCT WO 87/07906, filed 22 June 1987, discloses variants of HIV viruses and the use of their DNA to diagnoses AIDS. EP 0 326 395 A2, filed 27 January 1989, discloses an HIV DNA probe spanning nucleotides 2438-2457 for detecting sequences associated with multiple sclerosis.

The advent of the polymerase chain reaction has stimulated a range of assays using probes mainly from regions of the pol and gag genes. Spector et al. (Clin. Chem. 35/8:1581-1587, 1989) and Kellog et al. (Analytical Biochem 189:202-208, 1990) disclose a quantitative assay for HIV proviral DNA using polymerase chain reaction using a primer from the HIV gag gene. Lomell et al.

-2-

(Clin. Chem. 35/9:1826-1831) disclose an amplifiable RNA probe complementary to a conserved region of the HIV pol gene mRNA. Coutlee et al. (Anal. Biochem. 181:96-105, 1989) disclose immunodetection of HIV DNA using the polymerase chain reaction with a set of primers complementary to sequences from the HIV pol and gag genes. EP 0 272 098, filed 15 December 1987, discloses PCR amplification and detection of HIV RNA sequences using oligonucleotide probes spanning nucleotides 8538-8547 and 8658-8677. EP 0 229 701, filed 9 January 1987 discloses detection of HIV by amplification of DNA from the HIV gag region. PCT WO 89/10979 discloses a nucleic acid probe assay combining amplification and solution hybridization using capture and reporter probes followed by immobilization on a solid support. A region within the gag p 17 region of HIV was amplified with this technique.

An alternative strategy is termed "reversible target capture." For example, Thompson et al. (Clin.

Chem. 35/9:178-1881, 1989) disclose "reversible target capture" of HIV RNA, wherein a commercially available datailed synthetic oligonucleotide provided selective purification of the analyte nucleic acid, and a labeled antisense RNA probe complementary to the HIV pol gene provided signal. Gillespie et al. (Molecular and Cellular Probes 3:73-86, 1989) discloses probes for reversible target capture of HIV RNA, wherein the probes are complementary to nucleotides 2094-4682 of the HIV pol gene.

Kumar et al. disclose a "probe shift" assay for HIV DNA, using DNA sequences complementary to the HIV gag and pol genes. The probe shift assay depends on the hybridization of a labeled oligonucleotide to a PCR-amplified segment in solution. The hemiduplex

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thereformed is detected following fractionation on nondenaturing gels.

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Keller et al. (<u>Anal. Biochem.</u> 177:27-32, 1989) disclose a microtiter-based sandwich assay to detect HIV DNA spanning the Pst I site of the gag coding region.

Viscidi et al. (<u>J. Clin. Micro.</u> 27:120-125, 1989) disclose a hybridization assay for HIV RNA using a solid phase anti-biotin antibody and an enzyme-labeled monoclonal antibody specific for DNA-RNA hybrids, wherein the probe spanned nearly all of the polymerase gene and the 3' end of the gag gene.

European Patent Application (EPA) 89311862, filed 16 November 1989 discloses a diagnostic kit and method using a solid capture means for detecting nucleic acid, and describes the use of DNA sequences complementary to the HIV gag gene to detect HIV DNA.

Commonly owned U.S. 4,868,105 describes a solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay in which analyte nucleic acid is first hybridized in solution to a labeling probe set and to a capturing probe set in a first vessel. The probe-analyte complex is then transferred to a second vessel that contains a solidphase-immobilized probe that is complementary to a segment of the capturing probes. The segments hybridize to the immobilized probe, thus removing the complex from solution. Having the analyte in the form of an immobilized complex facilitates subsequent separation steps in the assay. Ultimately, single stranded segments of the labeling probe set are hybridized to labeled probes, thus permitting the analyte-containing complex to be detected via a signal generated directly or indirectly from the label.

Commonly owned European Patent Application
(EPA) 883096976 discloses a variation in the assay
described in U.S. 4,868,105 in which the signal generated

-4-

by the labeled probes is amplified. The amplification involves the use of nucleic acid multimers. multimers are branched polynucleotides that are constructed to have a segment that hybridizes specifically to the analyte nucleic acid or to a nucleic acid (branched or linear) that is bound to the analyte and iterations of a second segment that hybridize specifically to the labeled probe. In the assay employing the multimer, the initial steps of hybridizing the analyte to label or amplifier probe sets and capturing probe sets in a first vessel and transferring the complex to another vessel containing immobilized nucleic acid that will hybridize to a segment of the capturing probes are followed. The multimer is then hybridized to the immobilized complex and the labeled probes in turn hybridized to the second segment iterations on the multimer. Since the multimers provide a large number of sites for label probe attachment, the signal is amplified. Amplifier and capture probe sequences are disclosed for Hepatitis B virus, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, penicillin and tetracycline resistance in N. gonorrhoeae, and Chlamydia trachomatis.

Commonly owned copending application Serial No. 558,897, filed 27 July 1990, describes the preparation of large comb-type branched polynucleotide multimers for use in the above-described solution phase assay. The combs provide greater signal enhancement in the assays than the smaller multimers.

U.S. 5,030,557, filed 24 November 1987,

discloses a "helper" oligonucleotide selected to bind to
the analyte nucleic acid and impose a different secondary
and tertiary structure on the target to facilitate the
binding of the probe to the target.

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### Disclosure of the Invention

One aspect of the invention is a synthetic oligonucleotide useful as an amplifier probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HTV comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HTV nucleic acid; and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer.

Another aspect of the invention is a synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a capture probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase.

Another aspect of the invention is a spacer oligonucleotide for use in sandwich hybridizations to detect HIV.

Another aspect of the invention is a solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HIV in a sample, comprising

(a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) an amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer and (ii) a capture probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;

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- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
- (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;
  - (d) contacting the bound product of step (c) under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;
    - (e) removing unbound multimer;
  - (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
    - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide;
  - (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid phase complex product of step (g).

Another aspect of the invention is a kit for the detection of HIV in a sample comprising in combination

- (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer;
- (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment having a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic

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acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;

(iii) a nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide; and

(iv) a labeled oligonucleotide.

# Modes for Carrying out the Invention Definitions

"Solution phase nucleic acid hybridization assay" intends the assay techniques described and claimed in commonly owned U.S. Patent No. 4,868,105, EPA 883096976, and U.S. Ser. No. 558,897.

A "modified nucleotide" intends a nucleotide monomer that may be stably incorporated into a polynucleotide and which has an additional functional group. Preferably, the modified nucleotide is a 5'-cytidine in which the N<sup>4</sup>-position is modified to provide a functional hydroxy group.

An "amplifier multimer" intends a branched polynucleotide that is capable of hybridizing simultaneously directly or indirectly to analyte nucleic acid and to a multiplicity of polynucleotide iterations (i.e, either iterations of another multimer or iterations of a labeled probe). The branching in the multimers is effected through covalent bonds and the multimers are composed of two types of oligonucleotide units that are capable of hybridizing, respectively, to analyte nucleic acid or nucleic acid hybridized to analyte nucleic acid and to a multiplicity of labeled probes. The composition and preparation of such multimers are described in EPA

-8-

883096976 and U.S. Serial No. 558,897 filed 27 July 1990, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

A "spacer oligonucleotide" is intended as an oligonucleotide which binds to analyte RNA but does not contain any sequences for attachment to a solid phase nor any means for detection by an amplifier probe.

The term "amplifier probe" is intended as a branched or linear polynucleotide that is constructed to have a segment that hybridizes specifically to the analyte nucleic acid and a segment or iterations of a segment that hybridize specifically to an amplifier multimer.

The term "capture probe" is intended as an oligonucleotide having a segment substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of the analyte nucleic acid and a segment that is substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of a solid-phase-immobilized probe.

"Large" as used herein to describe the combtype branched polynucleotides of the invention intends a molecule having at least about 15 branch sites and at least about 20 iterations of the labeled probe binding sequence.

"Comb-type" as used herein to describe the structure of the branched polynucleotides of the invention intends a polynucleotide having a linear backbone with a multiplicity of sidechains extending from the backbone.

A "cleavable linker molecule" intends a molecule that may be stably incorporated into a polynucleotide chain and which includes a covalent bond that may be broken or cleaved by chemical treatment or physical treatment such as by irradiation.

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All nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein are written in a 5' to 3' direction. Nucleotides are designated according to the nucleotide symbols recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission.

### Solution Phase Hybridization Assay

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The general protocol for the solution phase sandwich hybridizations is as follows. The analyte nucleic acid is placed in a microtiter well with an 10 excess of two single-stranded nucleic acid probe sets: (1) a set of capture probes, each having a first binding sequence substantially complementary to the analyte and a second binding sequence that is substantially complementary to nucleic acid bound to a solid support, 15 for example, the well surface or a bead, and (2) a set of amplifier probes (branched or linear), each having a first binding sequence that is capable of specific binding to the analyte and a second binding sequence that is capable of specific binding to a segment of the 20 multimer. The resulting product is a three component nucleic acid complex of the two probes hybridized to the analyte by their first binding sequences. The second binding sequences of the probes remain as single-stranded segments as they are not substantially complementary to 25 the analyte. This complex hybridizes to the immobilized probe on the solid surface via the second binding sequence of the capture probe. The resulting product comprises the complex bound to the solid surface via the duplex formed by the oligonucleotide bound to the solid 30 surface and the second binding sequence of the capture probe. Unbound materials are then removed from the surface such as by washing.

The amplification multimer is then added to the bound complex under hybridization conditions to permit the multimer to hybridize to the available second binding

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sequence(s) of the amplifier probe of the complex. The resulting complex is then separated from any unbound multimer by washing. The labeled oligonucleotide is then added under conditions which permit it to hybridize to the substantially complementary oligonucleotide units of the multimer. The resulting immobilized labeled nucleic acid complex is then washed to remove unbound labeled oligonucleotide, and read.

The analyte nucleic acids may be from a variety of sources, e.g., biological fluids or solids, and may be 10 prepared for the hybridization analysis by a variety of means, e.g., proteinase K/SDS, chaotropic salts, etc. Also, it may be of advantage to decrease the average size of the analyte nucleic acids by enzymatic, physical or chemical means, e.g., restriction enzymes, sonication, 15 chemical degradation (e.g., metal ions), etc. The fragments may be as small as 0.1 kb, usually being at least about 0.5 kb and may be 1 kb or higher. The analyte sequence is provided in single-stranded form for analysis. Where the sequence is naturally present in 20 single-stranded form, denaturation will not be required. However, where the sequence may be present in double-stranded form, the sequence should be denatured. Denaturation can be carried out by various techniques, such as alkali, generally from about 0.05 to 0.2 M 25 hydroxide, formamide, salts, heat, enzymes, or combinations thereof.

The first binding sequences of the capture probe and amplifier probe that are substantially complementary to the analyte sequence will each be of at least 15 nucleotides, usually at least 25 nucleotides, and not more than about 5 kb, usually not more than about 1 kb, preferably not more than about 100 nucleotides. They will typically be approximately 30 nucleotides. They will normally be chosen to bind to different

-11-

sequences of the analyte. The first binding sequences may be selected based on a variety of considerations. Depending upon the nature of the analyte, one may be interested in a consensus sequence, a sequence associated with polymorphisms, a particular phenotype or genotype, a particular strain, or the like.

The number of different amplifier and capture probes used influences the sensitivity of the assay, because the more probe sequences used, the greater the 10 signal provided by the assay system. Furthermore, the use of more probe sequences allows the use of more stringent hybridization conditions, thereby reducing the incidence of false positive results. Thus, the number of probes in a set will be at least one capture probe and at 15 least one amplifier probe, more preferably two capture and two amplifier probes, and most preferably 5-100 capture probes and 5-100 amplifier probes. Oligonucleotide probe sequences for HIV were designed by aligning the DNA sequences of 18 HIV strains from GenBank. Regions of greatest homology within the pol 20 gene were selected as capture probes, while regions of lesser homology were selected as amplifier probes. Very heterogeneous regions were selected as spacer probes. Thus, as more strains of HIV are identified and sequenced, additional probes may be designed or the presently preferred set of probes modified by aligning the sequence of the new strain or isolate with the 18 strains used above and similarly identifying regions of greatest homology and lesser homology.

Spacer oligonucleotides were designed to be added to the hybridization cocktail to protect RNA from possible degradation. Capture probe sequences and label probe sequences were designed so that capture probe sequences were interspersed with label probe sequences,

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or so that capture probe sequences were clustered together with respect to label probe sequences.

The presently preferred set of probes and their capture or amplifier regions which hybridize specifically to HIV nucleic acid are listed in Example 2.

The second binding sequences of the capture probe and amplifier probe are selected to be substantially complementary, respectively, to the oligonucleotide bound to the solid surface and to a segment of the multimer and so as to not be encountered by endogenous sequences in the sample/analyte. The second binding sequence may be contiguous to the first binding sequence or be spaced therefrom by an intermediate noncomplementary sequence. The probes may include other noncomplementary sequences if desired. These noncomplementary sequences must not hinder the binding of the binding sequences or cause nonspecific binding to occur.

The capture probe and amplifier probe may be prepared by oligonucleotide synthesis procedures or by cloning, preferably the former.

It will be appreciated that the binding sequences need not have perfect complementarity to provide homoduplexes. In many situations, heteroduplexes will suffice where fewer than about 10% of the bases are mismatches, ignoring loops of five or more nucleotides. Accordingly, as used herein the term "complementary" intends exact complementarity wherein each base within the binding region corresponds exactly, and "substantially complementary" intends 90% or greater homology.

The labeled oligonucleotide will include a sequence substantially complementary to the repeated oligonucleotide units of the multimer. The labeled oligonucleotide will include one or more molecules

("labels"), which directly or indirectly provide a detectable signal. The labels may be bound to individual members of the substantially complementary sequence or may be present as a terminal member or terminal tail

- having a plurality of labels. Various means for providing labels bound to the oligonucleotide sequences have been reported in the literature. See, for example, Leary et al., <a href="Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA">Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</a> (1983) 80:4045; Renz and Kurz, <a href="Nucl. Acids Res.">Nucl. Acids Res.</a> (1984) 12:3435;
- Richardson and Gumport, <u>Nucl. Acids Res.</u> (1983) <u>11</u>:6167; Smith et al., <u>Nucl. Acids. Res.</u> (1985) <u>13</u>:2399; Meinkoth and Wahl, <u>Anal. Biochem.</u> (1984) <u>138</u>:267. The labels may be bound either covalently or non-covalently to the substantially complementary sequence. Labels which may
- be employed include radionuclides, fluorescers, chemiluminescers, dyes, enzymes, enzyme substrates, enzyme cofactors, enzyme inhibitors, enzyme subunits, metal ions, and the like. Illustrative specific labels include fluorescein, rhodamine, Texas red, phycoerythrin, umbelliferone luminol NADDW of Collaborations.
- 20 umbelliferone, luminol, NADPH, α-β-galactosidase, horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, etc.

The ratio of capture probe and amplifier probe to anticipated moles of analyte will each be at least stoichiometric and preferably in excess. This ratio is preferably at least about 1.5:1, and more preferably at least 2:1. It will normally be in the range of 2:1 to 10,000:1. Concentrations of each of the probes will generally range from about 10<sup>-5</sup> to 10<sup>-9</sup> M, with sample nucleic acid concentrations varying from 10<sup>-21</sup> to 10<sup>-12</sup> M. The hybridization steps of the assay will generally take from about 10 minutes to 20 hours, frequently being completed in about 1 hour. Hybridization can be carried out at a mildly elevated temperature, generally in the range from about 20°C to 80°C, more usually from about

35 35°C to 70°C, particularly 65°C.

The hybridization reactions are usually done in an aqueous medium, particularly a buffered aqueous medium, which may include various additives. Additives which may be employed include low concentrations of detergent (0.1 to 1%), salts, e.g., sodium citrate (0.017 to 0.17 M), Ficoll, polyvinylpyrrolidone, carrier nucleic acids, carrier proteins, etc. Nonaqueous solvents may be added to the aqueous medium, such as dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, alcohols, and formamide. These other solvents are generally present in amounts ranging from 2 to 50%.

The stringency of the hybridization medium may be controlled by temperature, salt concentration, solvent system, and the like. Thus, depending upon the length and nature of the sequence of interest, the stringency will be varied.

Depending upon the nature of the label, various techniques can be employed for detecting the presence of the label. For fluorescers, a large number of different fluorometers are available. For chemiluminescers, luminometers or films are available. With enzymes, a fluorescent, chemiluminescent, or colored product can be provided and determined fluorometrically, luminometrically, spectrophotometrically or visually. The various labels which have been employed in immunoassays and the techniques applicable to immunoassays can be employed with the subject assays.

The following examples further illustrate the invention. These examples are not intended to limit the invention in any manner.

#### EXAMPLES

#### Example I

Synthesis of Comb-type Branched Polynucleotide

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This example illustrates the synthesis of a comb-type branched polynucleotide having 15 branch sites and sidechain extensions having three labeled probe binding sites. This polynucleotide was designed to be used in a solution phase hybridization as described in EPA 883096976.

All chemical syntheses of oligonucleotides were performed on an automatic DNA synthesizer (Applied Biosystems, Inc., (ABI) model 380 B). Phosphoramidite chemistry of the beta cyanoethyl type was used including 5'-phosphorylation which employed Phostel reagent (ABN). Standard ABI protocols were used except as indicated. Where it is indicated that a multiple of a cycle was used (e.g., 1.2 cycle), the multiple of the standard amount of amidite recommended by ABI was employed in the specified cycle. Appended hereto are the programs for carrying out cycles 1.2 and 6.4 as run on the Applied Biosystems Model 380 B DNA Synthesizer.

A comb body of the following structure was first prepared:

wherein X' is a branching monomer, and R is a periodate cleavable linker.

The portion of the comb body through the 15 (TTX') repeats is first synthesized using 33.8 mg aminopropyl-derivatized thymidine controlled pore glass (CPG) (2000 Å, 7.4 micromoles thymidine per gram support) with a 1.2 cycle protocol. The branching site nucleotide was of the formula:

where  $R^2$  represents

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sidechains), the concentration of beta
cyanoethylphosphoramidite monomers was 0.1 M for A, C, G
and T, 0.15 M for the branching site monomer E, and 0.2 M
for Phostel reagent. Detritylation was done with 3%
trichloroacetic acid in methylene chloride using stepped
flowthrough for the duration of the deprotection. At the
conclusion the 5' DMT was replaced with an acetyl group.

Cleavable linker R and six base sidechain extensions of the formula 3'-RGTCAGTp (SEQ ID NO:1) were synthesized at each branching monomer site as follows. The base protecting group removal (R<sup>2</sup> in the formula

-17-

above) was performed manually while retaining the CPG support in the same column used for synthesizing the comb body. In the case of  $R^2$  = levulinyl, a solution of 0.5 M hydrazine hydrate in pyridine/glacial acetic acid (1:1 v/v) was introduced and kept in contact with the CPG support for 90 min with renewal of the liquid every 15 min, followed by extensive washing with pyridine/glacial acetic acid (1:1 v/v) and then by acetonitrile. After the deprotection the cleavable linker R and six base sidechain extensions were added using a 6.4 cycle.

In these syntheses the concentration of phosphoramidites was 0.1 M (except 0.2 M R and Phostel<sup>™</sup> reagent; R was 2-(4-(4-(2-Dimethoxytrityloxy)ethyl-)phenoxy 2,3-di(benzoyloxy)-butyloxy)phenyl)ethyl-2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite).

Detritylation is effected with a solution of 3% trichloroacetic acid in methylene chloride using continuous flowthrough, followed by a rinse solution of toluene/chloromethane (1:1 v/v). Branched polynucleotide chains were removed from the solid supports automatically in the 380B using the cycle "CE NH<sub>3</sub>." The ammonium hydroxide solution was collected in 4 ml screw-capped Wheaton vials and heated at 60°C for 12 hr to remove all base-protecting groups. After cooling to room temperature the solvent was removed in a Speed-Vac evaporator and the residue dissolved in 100  $\mu$ l water.

3' backbone extensions (segment A), sidechain extensions and ligation template/linkers of the following structures were also made using the automatic synthesizer:

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3' Backbone extension 3'-TCCGTATCCTGGGCACAGAGGTGCp-5' (SEQ ID NO:2)

Sidechain extension 3'-GATGCG(TTCATGCTGTTGGTGTAG)<sub>3</sub>-5' (SEQ ID NO:3)

5 Ligation template for linking 3' backbone extension

3'-AAAAAAAAAAGCACCTp-5' (SEQ ID NO:4)

Ligation template for linking sidechain
extension 3'-CGCATCACTGAC-5' (SEQ ID NO:5)

The crude comb body was purified by a standard polyacrylamide gel (7% with 7 M urea and 1% TBE running buffer) method.

The 3' backbone extension and the sidechain extensions were ligated to the comb body as follows. comb body (4 pmole/ $\mu$ 1), 3' backbone extension (6.25 pmole/ $\mu$ l), sidechain extension (93.75 pmole/ $\mu$ l) and linking template (5 pmole/ $\mu$ l) were combined in 1 mM ATP/ 20 5 mM DTT/ 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/ 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>/ 2 mM spermidine, with 0.5 units/ $\mu$ l T4 polynucleotide kinase. The mixture was incubated at 37°C for 2 hr, then heated in a water bath to 95°C, and then cooled to below 35°C 25 for about 1 hr. 2 mM ATP, 10 mM DTT, 14% polyethylene glycol, and 0.21 units/ $\mu$ l T4 ligase were added, and the mixture incubated for 16-24 hr at 23°C. The DNA was precipitated in NaCl/ethanol, resuspended in water, and subjected to a second ligation as follows. The mixture 30 was adjusted to 1 mM ATP, 5 mM DTT, 14% polyethylene glycol, 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM MgCl2, 2 mM spermidine, 0.5 units/  $\mu$ l T4 polynucleotide kinase, and 0.21 units/  $\mu$ l T4 ligase were added, and the mixture incubated at 23°C for 16-24 hr. Ligation products were 35 then purified by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

-19-

After ligation and purification, a portion of the product was labeled with <sup>32</sup>P and subjected to cleavage at the site of R achieved by oxidation with aqueous NaIO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hr. The sample was then analyzed by PAGE to determine the number of sidechain extensions incorporated by quantitating the radioactive label in the bands on the gel. The product was found to have a total of 45 labeled probe binding sites.

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#### Example 2

# Sandwich Hybridization Assay for HIV DNA using Multimer

This example illustrates the use of the invention in an HIV DNA assay.

A "15 X 3" amplified solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay format was employed in this example. The "15 x 3" designation derives from the fact that the format employs two multimers: (1) an amplifier probe having a first segment (A) that binds to HIV nucleic acid and a second segment (B) that hybridizes to (2) an amplifier multimer having a first segment (B\*) that hybridizes to the segment (B) and fifteen iterations of a segment (C), wherein segment C hybridizes to three

The amplifier and capture probe HIV-specific segments, and their respective names as used in this assay were as follows.

30 HIV Amplifier Probes

HIV.104 (SEQ ID NO:5)

labeled oligonucleotides.

TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT

HIV.105 (SEQ ID NO:6)

CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTTGGYTTCCATY

35 HIV.106 (SEQ ID NO:7)

	KTATITGATCKTAITGTCITACTTTGATAAAA
	HIV.108 (SEQ ID NO:8)
	GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTAC
	HIV.110 (SEQ ID NO:9)
5	YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRC
	HIV.112 (SEQ ID NO:10)
	YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC
	HIV.113 (SEQ ID NO:11)
	TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTTYTC
10	HIV.114 (SEQ ID NO:12)
	AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC
	HIV.115 (SEQ ID NO:13)
	AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC
	HIV.116 (SEQ ID NO:14)
15	TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTTCTTTATRGC
	HIV.117 (SEQ ID NO:15)
	TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTTT
	HIV.120 (SEQ ID NO:16)
	TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT
20	HIV.121 (SEQ ID NO:17)
	CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTTTG
	HIV.122 (SEQ ID NO:18)
	TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC
	HIV.123 (SEQ ID NO:19)
25	TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC
	HIV.125 (SEQ ID NO:20)
	AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC
	HIV.128 (SEQ ID NO:21)
	TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC
30	HIV.130 (SEQ ID NO:22)
	GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA
	HIV.132 (SEQ ID NO:23)
	YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA
	HIV.133 (SEQ ID NO:24)
35	YTGTGARTCTGTYACTATRTTTACTTCTRRTCC

	HIV.135	(SEQ	ID	NO:25	)		
		TA	TTA	TTTGAY	TRACWAWO	TCTGAT	TCACTYTK
	HIV.136	(SEQ	ID	NO:26	)		•
		CA	GRT.	ARACYT.	TTCCTT	TTTATT	ARYTGYTĆ
5	HIV.137	(SEQ	ID	NO:27	)		
		TC	CTC	CAATYC	CTTTRTGT	GCTGGT.	ACCCATGM
	HIV.138	(SEQ	ID	NO:28)	)		
		TC	CHB	BACTGA	TAATYTA	TCTACT	TGTTCATT
	HIV.139	(SEQ	ID	NO:29)			
10		AT	CTA:	TTCCATY	TAAAAAY	<b>AGYAYY</b>	ITYCTGAT
	HIV.141	(SEQ	ID	NO:30)			
		GT	GY?	AGRTTAA	ARTCAYT	AGCCAT.	IGCTYTCC
	HIV.142	(SEQ	ID	NO:31)			
					CTATTTC	YTTYGC	TACYAYRG
15	HIV.144	(SEQ	ID	NO:32)			
					CKGGRCT	ACARTC	TACTTGTC
	HIV.145	_		-			
					CTTCYAR	ATGTGTA	CAATCTA
20	HIV.146			· ·			
20					TRGCYAC	ATGRACI	GCTACYA
	HIV.147						
	UTW 140				CTGCTGGI	RATDACT	TCIGCIT
	HIV.149				CTCT1 TCT		
25	HIV.151				CTGTATGT	AYTRYT	KITACIG
	M14.131	_		•	CCTGYTT	3 mr.com	2222222
	HIV.152				CCIGITIA	LATHUCH	GCCCACC
		-		-	CTTGACTT	TCCCCD	TTCTACC
	HIV.153				CIIGACII	1GGGK	IIGIAGG
30		-		-	CTTTAAT	ארינויים.	ባጥር አጥአር <u>:</u>
	HIV.'154					· CHI IA	11CAIAG
				-	SYTCAGCY	<mark>ጥርንም</mark> ተርጥ	יויעי) גיוייוי
	HIV.155						ARV4 4
	•	_		•	TRAAYACT	GCCATT	TGTACWC
	HIV.156						

-22-

CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT

HIV.157 (SEQ ID NO:43)

TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC

HIV.158 (SEQ ID NO:44)

5 TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA

#### HIV Capture Probes

HIV.103 (SEQ ID NO:45)

CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA

10 HIV.111 (SEQ ID NO:46)

ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT

HIV.118 (SEQ ID NO:47)

TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT

HIV.119 (SEQ ID NO:48)

15 ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC

HIV.126 (SEQ ID NO:49)

CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA

HIV.127 (SEQ ID NO:50)

CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA

20 HIV.134 (SEO ID NO:51)

**ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA** 

HIV.143 (SEQ ID NO:52)

CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT

HIV.150 (SEQ ID NO:53)

25 AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT

HIV.159 (SEO ID NO:54)

TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT

Bach amplifier probe contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to the HIV sequences, the following 5' extension complementary to a segment of the amplifier multimer,

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:55).

-23-

Each capture probe contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to HIV DNA, the following downstream sequence complementary to DNA bound to the solid phase (XT1\*),

CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:56).

In addition to the amplifier and capture probes, the following set of HIV spacer oligonucleotides was included in the hybridization mixture.

10 <u>HIV Spacer Oligonucleotides</u>

HIV.NOX107 (SEQ ID NO:57)

TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR,

HIV.NOX109 (SEQ ID NO:58)

VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT,

15 HIV.NOX124 (SEQ ID NO:59)

TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS.

HIV.NOX129 (SEQ ID NO:60)

TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY,

HIV.NOX131 (SEO ID NO:61)

20 YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD,

HIV.NOX140 (SEQ ID NO:62)

AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT,

HIV.NOX148 (SEQ ID NO:63)

GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT.

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Microtiter plates were prepared as follows. White Microlite 1 Removawell strips (polystyrene microtiter plates, 96 wells/plate) were purchased from Dynatech Inc. Each well was filled with 200  $\mu$ l 1 N HCl and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The wells were then filled with 200  $\mu$ l 1 N NaOH and incubated at room temperature

for 15-20 min. The plates were again washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Poly(phe-lys) was purchased from Sigma Chemicals, Inc. This polypeptide has a 1:1 molar ratio of phe:lys and an average m.w. of 47,900 gm/mole. It has an average length of 309 amino acids and contains 155 amines/mole. A 1 mg/ml solution of the polypeptide was mixed with 2M NaCl/1X PBS to a final concentration of 0.1 mg/ml (pH 6.0). 200 µL of this solution was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic to prevent drying and incubated at 30°C overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

The following procedure was used to couple the oligonucleotide XT1\* to the plates. Synthesis of XT1\* 15 was described in EPA 883096976. 20 mg disuccinimidyl suberate was dissolved in 300  $\mu$ l dimethyl formamide (DMF). 26  $OD_{260}$  units of XT1\* was added to 100  $\mu$ l coupling buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8). coupling mixture was then added to the DSS-DMF solution 20 and stirred with a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. An NAP-25 column was equilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. The coupling mixture DSS-DMF solution was added to 2 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5, at 4°C. The mixture was vortexed to mix and loaded onto the 25 equilibrated NAP-25 column. DSS-activated XT1\* DNA was eluted from the column with 3.5 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. 5.6 OD<sub>260</sub> units of eluted DSSactivated XT1\* DNA was added to 1500 ml 50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8. 50  $\mu$ l of this solution was added to 30 each well and the plates were incubated overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Final stripping of plates was accomplished as follows. 200  $\mu L$  of 0.2N NaOH containing 0.5% (w/v) SDS

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was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic and incubated at 65°C for 60 min. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The stripped plate was stored with desiccant beads at 2-8°C.

A standard curve of HIV DNA was prepared by diluting cloned HIV DNA in HIV negative human serum and delivering aliquots of dilutions corresponding to a range of 10 to 200 tmoles (1 tmole = 602 molecules or 10<sup>-21</sup> moles) to wells of microtiter dishes prepared as described above.

Sample preparation consisted of delivering 12.5  $\mu$ l P-K Buffer (2 mg/ml proteinase K in 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/0.15 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA, pH 8.0/1%SDS/40 $\mu$ g/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA) to each well. Plates were covered and agitated to mix samples, incubated at 65°C to release nucleic acids, and then cooled on the benchtop for 5 min.

A cocktail of the HIV-specific amplifier and capture probes listed above was added to each well (50 fmoles capture probes, 50 fmoles amplifier probes/well). Plates were covered and gently agitated to mix reagents and then incubated at 65°C for 30 min.

Neutralization buffer was then added to each well (0.77 M 3-(N-morpholino)propane sulfonic acid/1.845 M NaCl/0.185 M sodium citrate). Plates were covered and incubated for 12-18 hr at 65°C.

The contents of each well were aspirated to remove all fluid, and the wells washed 2X with washing buffer (0.1% SDS/0.015 M NaCl/ 0.0015 M sodium citrate).

The amplifier multimer was then added to each well (40  $\mu$ l of 2.5 fmole/ $\mu$ l solution in 50% horse serum/0.06 M NaCl/0.06 M sodium citrate/0.1% SDS mixed 1:1 with 4X SSC/0.1% SDS/0.5% "blocking reagent" (Boehringer Mannheim, catalog No. 1096 176). After

-26-

covering plates and agitating to mix the contents in the wells, the plates were incubated for 15 min at 55°C.

After a further 5 min period at room temperature, the wells were washed as described above.

Alkaline phosphatase label probe, disclosed in EP 883096976, was then added to each well (40  $\mu$ l/well of 2.5 fmoles/ $\mu$ l). After incubation at 55°C for 15 min, and 5 min at room temperature, the wells were washed twice as above and then 3X with 0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate.

An enzyme-triggered dioxetane (Schaap et al., Tet. Lett. (1987) 28:1159-1162 and EPA Pub. No. 0254051), obtained from Lumigen, Inc., was employed. 20  $\mu$ l Lumiphos 530 (Lumigen) was added to each well. The wells were tapped lightly so that the reagent would fall to the bottom and gently swirled to distribute the reagent evenly over the bottom. The wells were covered and incubated at 37°C for 40 min.

Plates were then read on a Dynatech ML 1000 20 luminometer. Output was given as the full integral of the light produced during the reaction.

Results are shown in the Table below. Results for each standard sample are expressed as the difference between the mean of the negative control plus two standard deviations and the mean of the sample minus two standard deviations (delta). If delta is greater than zero, the sample is considered positive.

Results from the standard curve of the HIV probes is shown in Table I. These results indicate the ability of these probe sets to detect 50 tmoles of the HIV DNA standard.

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65°C for 16 hr.

-27-

<u>Table I</u>

	Analyte HIV tmole/well	Delta
5	0	
	10	-0.56
	20	-0.51
	50	0.39
	100	1.93
10	200	5.48

#### Example 3

#### Detection of HIV Viral RNA

HIV RNA was detected using essentially the same procedure as above with the following modifications.

A standard curve of HIV RNA was prepared by serially diluting HIV virus stock in normal human serum to a range between 125 to 5000  $TCID_{50}/ml$  ( $TCID_{50}$  is the 50% tissue culture infectious dose endpoint). A proteinase K solution was prepared by adding 10 mg proteinase K to 5 ml HIV capture diluent (53 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8/ 10.6 mM EDTA/ 1.3% SDS/ 16  $\mu$ g/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA/ 5.3 X SSC/ 1 mg/ml proteinase K) made 7% in formamide stored at -20°C. Equimolar mixtures of capture probes, label probes and spacer oligonucleotides were added to the proteinase K solution such that the final concentration of each probe was 1670 fmoles/ml. After addition of 30  $\mu$ l of the probe/proteinase K solution to each well of microtiter plates prepared as above, 10  $\mu$ l of appropriate virus dilutions were added to each well.

Plates were removed from the incubator and cooled on the bench top for 10 min. The wells were washed 2X as described in Example 2 above. The 15 X 3

Plates were covered, shaken to mix and then incubated at

PCT/US92/11168 WO 93/13223

-28-

multimer was diluted to 1 fmole/ $\mu$ l in Amp/Label diluent (prepared by mixing 2.22 ml DEPC-treated H2O (DEPC is diethylpyrocarbonate), 1.35 ml 10% SDS, 240  $\mu$ l 1 M Tris pH 8.0, 20  $\mu$ l horse serum, adjusted to 2 mg/ml in proteinase K and heated to 65°C for 2 hr, then added to 240  $\mu$ l of 0.1 M PMSF and heated at 37°C for 1 hr, after which was added 4 ml DEPC-treated H2O, 4 ml 10 % SDS and 8 ml 20X SSC). The diluted 15 X 3 multimer was added at 40  $\mu$ l/well, the plates sealed, shaken, and incubated at 55°C for 30 min.

The plates were then cooled at room temperature for 10 minutes, and washed as described above. Alkaline phosphatase label probe was diluted to 2.5 fmoles/ $\mu$ l in Amp/Label diluent and 40  $\mu$ l added to each well. Plates were covered, shaken, and incubated at 55°C for 15 min.

Plates were cooled 10 min at room temperature, washed 2X as above and then 3X with 0.15 M NaCl/0.015 M sodium citrate. Substrate was added and luminescence measured as above. Sensitivity of the assay was about 1.25 TCID<sub>50</sub>, as shown in the Table below.

	<u>Table II</u>	
TCID <sub>50</sub>		delta
0.00		
1 25		0.11

2.60 2.50 6.37 5.00 14.10 10.00 90.70

50.00

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-29-

#### Example 4

Comparison of Clustered vs Interspersed Probe Sets HIV RNA was detected using essentially the same procedure as in Example 3, except for the following modifications. The RNA standard was prepared by transcription of a 9.0 KB HIV transcript from plasmid pBHBK10S (Chang, P.S., et al., Clin. Biotech. 2:23, 1990) using T7 RNA polymerase. This HIV RNA was quantitated by hybridization with gag and pol probes captured by HAP chromatography. The RNA standard was serially diluted in 10 the proteinase K diluent described above to a range between 2.5 to 100 atomoles per ml, and the equimolar mixtures of capture probes, label probes, and spacer oligonucleotides were added such that the concentration of each probe was 1670 fmoles/ml. Two arrangements of 15 capture and label probes were tested: scattered capture probes, such that capture probes are interspersed with label probes, and clustered capture probes, such that the capture probes are arranged in contiguous clusters with respect to label probes. The clustered probe sets are 20 shown below.

#### CLUSTERED HIV CAPTURE PROBES

HIV.116 (SEQ ID NO:14)

25 TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTCTTTATRGC

HIV.117 (SEO ID NO:15)

TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTTT

HIV.118 (SEQ ID NO:47)

TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT

30 HIV.119 (SEQ ID NO:48)

ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC

HIV.120 (SEQ ID NO:16)

TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT

HIV.155 (SEQ ID NO:41)

35 TAAAATTGTGRATRAAYACTGCCATTTGTACWG

	HIV.156	(SEQ ID NO:42)
		CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT
	HIV.157	(SEQ ID NO:43)
		TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC
5	HIV.158	(SEQ ID NO:44)
		TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA
	HIV.159	(SEQ ID NO:54)
		TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT
10		CLUSTERED HIV AMPLIFIER PROBES
	HIV.103	(SEQ ID NO:45)
		CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA
	HIV.104	(SEQ ID NO:5)
		TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT
15	HIV.105	(SEQ ID NO:6)
		CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTGGYTTCCATY
	HIV.106	(SEQ ID NO:7)
		KTATYTGATCRTAYTGTCYYACTTTGATAAAAC
	HIV.108	(SEQ ID NO:8)
20	• -	GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTACC
	HIV.110	(SEQ ID NO:9)
		YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRCA
	HIV.111	(SEQ ID NO:46)
		ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT
25	HIV.112	(SEQ ID NO:10) YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC
	HIV.113	(SEQ ID NO:11) TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTYTC
	******	(SEQ ID NO:12)
~ ^	HTA.TT4	AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC
30	11777 11E	(SEQ ID NO:13)
	TT.172	AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC
	TTV 101	(SEQ ID NO:17)
	UTA * 15T	CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTITG
		Culdini inimuiini inimi eremii i

PCT/US92/11168

-31-

	HIV.122 (SEQ ID NO:18)
	TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC
	HIV.123 (SEQ ID NO:19)
	TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC
5	HIV.125 (SEQ ID NO:20)
	AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC
	HIV.126 (SEQ ID NO:49)
	CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA
•	HIV.127 (SEQ ID NO:50)
10	CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA
	HIV.128 (SEQ ID NO:21)
	TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC
	HIV.130 (SEQ ID NO:22)
	GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA
15	
	YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA
	HIV.133 (SEQ ID NO:24)
	YTGTGARTCTGTYACTATRTTTACTTCTRRTCC
20	HIV.134 (SEQ ID NO:51)
20	ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA
	HIV.135 (SEQ ID NO:25)
	TATTATTTGAYTRACWAWCTCTGATTCACTYTK
	HIV.136 (SEQ ID NO:26)
25	CAGRTARACYTTTTCCTTTTTTATTARYTGYTC
	HIV.137 (SEQ ID NO:27)
	TCCTCCAATYCCTTTRTGTGCTGGTACCCATGM HIV.138 (SEQ ID NO:28)
	TCCHBBACTGACTAATYTATCTACTTGTTCATT HIV.139 (SEQ ID NO:29)
30	
	ATCTATTCCATYYAAAAATAGYAYYTTYCTGAT HIV.141 (SEQ ID NO:30)
	·
	GTGGYAGRTTAAARTCAYTAGCCATTGCTYTCC HIV.142 (SEQ ID NO:31)
35	CACAGCTRGCTACTATTTCYTTYGCTACYAYRG

HIV.143 (SEQ ID NO:52)

CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT

HIV.144 (SEQ ID NO:32)

RYTGCCATATYCCKGGRCTACARTCTACTTGTC

5 HIV.145 (SEQ ID NO:33)

**DGATWAYTTTTCCTTCYARATGTGTACAATCTA** 

HIV.146 (SEO ID NO:34)

CTATRTAKCCACTRGCYACATGRACTGCTACYA

HIV.147 (SEO ID NO:35)

10 CYTGYCCTGTYTCTGCTGGRATDACTTCTGCTT

HIV.149 (SEQ ID NO:36)

TGSKGCCATTGTCTGTATGTAYTRYTKTTACTG

HIV.150 (SEQ ID NO:53)

AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT

15 HIV.151 (SEQ ID NO:37)

GAATKCCAAATTCCTGYTTRATHCCHGCCCACC

HIV.152 (SEQ ID NO:38)

**ATTCYAYTACYCCTTGACTTTGGGGRTTGTAGG** 

HIV.153 (SEQ ID NO:39)

20 GECCTATRATTTKCTTTAATTCHTTATTCATAG

HIV.154 (SEQ ID NO:40)

CTSTCTTAAGRTGYTCAGCYTGMTCTCTTACYT

After addition of 30  $\mu$ l of the

- analyte/probe/proteinase K solution to each well, 10  $\mu$ l of normal human serum was added and the assay carried out as described in Example 3. As shown in Table III, the sensitivity of the assay with scattered versus the clustered capture arrangement was similar. Using the clustered capture extenders sensitivity was 50 to 100 tmoles, whereas using the scattered capture extenders,
  - sensitivity was 100 to 500 tmoles.

-33-

Table 3

Probe Arrangement	Analyte tmoles	Delta 
Clustered	0	•••
	25	-0.16
	50	0.36
	100	0.65
	500	4.45
•	1000	6.24
Scattered	0	•••
	25	-0.24
	50	0.25
	100	-0.11
	500	2.52
	1000	4.79

Modifications of the above-described modes for carrying out the invention that are obvious to those of skill in biochemistry, nucleic acid hybridization assays, and related fields are intended to be within the scope of the following claims.

25

PCT/US92/11168

-34-

# SEQUENCE LISTING

	(1) GENE	RAL INFORMATION:
5		APPLICANT: Irvine, Bruce D.  Horn, Thomas Chang, Chu-An
	(ii)	TITLE OF INVENTION: HIV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTION PHASE SANDWICH HYBRIDIZATION ASSAYS
	(iii)	NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 63
10	(iv)	CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  (A) ADDRESSEE: Morrison & Foerster  (B) STREET: 755 Page Mill Road  (C) CITY: Palo Alto  (D) STATE: California  (E) COUNTRY: USA  (F) ZIP: 94304-1018
15	(v)	COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
20	(vi)	CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/813,583  (B) FILING DATE: 23-DEC-1991  (C) CLASSIFICATION:
25	(viii)	ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION: (A) NAME: Thomas E. Ciotti (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 21,013 (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 22300-20150.00
	(ix)	TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION: (A) TELEPHONE: 415-813-5600 (B) TELEFAX: 415-494-0792 (C) TELEX: 706141
30	(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
35		

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:	
	CGTGGAGACA CGGGTCCTAT GCCT	24
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 60 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
10		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:	
	GATGTGGTTG TCGTACTTGA TGTGGTTGTC GTACTTGATG TGGTTGTCGT ACTTGCGTAG	60
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:	
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 16 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:	
	TCCACGAAAA AAAAAA	16
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:	
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 12 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STREEDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: lengar	
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:	
	CAGTCACTAC GC	12
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:	
35	<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li></ul>	

	<pre>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear</pre>	
5	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:  TTCCTGGCAA AYYYATKTCT YCTAMTACTG TAT	33
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:  CTCCAATTCC YCCTATCATT TTTGGYTTCC ATY	33
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:	
	KTATYTGATC RTAYTGTCYY ACTITGATAA AAC	33
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:	
	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
30	•	
	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:	
	GTTGACAGGY GTAGGTCCTA CYAATAYTGT ACC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:	
35		

	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
5		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:	
	YTCAATAGGR CTAATKGGRA AATTTAAAGT RCA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:	•
10	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:	
		3.5
	YTCTGTCAAT GGCCATTGYT TRACYYTTGG GCC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:	
23	TKTACAWATY TCTRYTAATG CTTTTATTTT YTC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:	
30	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:	
35	AAYTYTTGAA ATYTTYCCTT CCTTTTCCAT HTC	33

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:	
	AAATAYKGGA GTATTRTATG GATTYTCAGG CCC	33
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:	
	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:	
	TCTCCAYTTR GTRCTGTCYT TTTTCTTTAT RGC	. 33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:	
	TYTYYTATTA AGYTCYCTGA AATCTACTAR TIT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:	

	TKTTYTAAAR GGYTCYAAGA TTTTTGTCAT RCT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:	
10	CATGTATTGA TADATRAYYA TKTCTGGATT TTG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:	
15	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18: TATYTCTAAR TCAGAYCCTA CATACAAATC ATC	33
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:	
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	,
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:	
	TCTYARYTCC TCTATTTTTG YTCTATGCTG YYC	33
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:	
	AAGRAATGGR GGTTCTTTCT GATGYTTYTT RTC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:	
5	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:	٠
	TRGCTGCYCC ATCTACATAG AAVGTTTCTG CWC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
15	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
	GACAACYTTY TGTCTTCCAY TGTYAGTWAS ATA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
25	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	•
30	YGAATCCTGY AAVGCTARRT DAATTGCTTG TAA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
35	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	

	(X1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
	YTGTGARTCT GTYACTATRT TTACTTCTRR TCC	33
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
10	$\cdot$	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
•	TATTATTTGA YTRACWAWCT CTGATTCACT YTK	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
15	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
20	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
	CAGRIARACY TITICCITIT TTATTARYIG YIC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	33
25	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
30	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
	TCCTCCAATY CCTTTRTGTG CTGGTACCCA TGM	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
35	<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li></ul>	

	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	
10	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	
15	ATCTATTCCA TYYAAAAATA GYAYYTTYCT GAT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
	GTGGYAGRIT AAARTCAYTA GCCATTGCTY TCC	33
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:	
30	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
30		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
	CACAGCTRGC TACTATTTCY TTYGCTACYA YRG	33
35	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
	•	

WO 93/13223

	(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	
	RYTGCCATAT YCCKGGRCTA CARTCTACTT GTC	. 33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:	
10	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:	
	DGATWAYTTT TCCTTCYARA TGTGTACAAT CTA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:	
20	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:	
	CTATRIAKCC ACTRECYACA TERACTECTA CYA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:	
35	CYTGYCCTGT YTCTGCTGGR ATDACTTCTG CTT	33

	(2) INFORMATION FOR BEG ID NO. 30.	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:	
	TGSKGCCATT GTCTGTATGT AYTRYTKTTA CTG	33
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:	
٠	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:	
	GAATKCCAAA TTCCTGYTTR ATHCCHGCCC ACC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	·
25		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
	ATTCYAYTAC YCCTTGACTT TGGGGRTTGT AGG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TARARTIGTG RATRARYACT GCCATTTGTA CWG  20  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear		GECCTATRAT TIRCTITAAT TCHTTATTCA TAG	33
(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:  10 CTSTCTTAAG REGYTCAGCY TEMTCTCTTA CYT (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TAAAATTGTS RATRAAVACT GCCATTGTA CWS (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42: (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  33 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43: (3) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:	
20 CTSTCTTAAG RTGYTCAGCY TGMTCTCTTA CYT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDENNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TAMAATTGTG RATRAAYACT GCCATTGTA CWG  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTTTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43: (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	5	(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TAMAMITGE RATRAMYACT GCCATTGEA CWG (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTYTTC TTT (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (I) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TARACTEGE RATRACYACT GCCATTGTA CWG  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTTTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	10	CTSTCTTAAG RTGYTCAGCY TGMTCTCTTA CYT	33
(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:  TARRATIGIG RATRARYACT GCCATTIGIA CWG  20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  25  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCYTYTTC TTT  33 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:	
TARAATIGTG RATRAAYACT GCCATTIGTA CWG  20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  25  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTTTTC TTT  33  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	15	<ul><li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li></ul>	•
TARAATIGTG RATRAAYACT GCCATTTGTA CWG  20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  25  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTTTTC TTT  33  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single			
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCYTYTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  25  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCYTYTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		TAAAATTGTG RATRAAYACT GCCATTTGTA CWG	33
(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  25  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:  CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCYTYTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:	
CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCTTTTC TTT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	25	<ul><li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li></ul>	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single		CTGCACTGTA YCCCCCAATC CCCCYTYTTC TIT	33
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:	
	<b>.</b>	(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:	
	TGTCTGTWGC TATYATRYCI AYTATTCTYT CCC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:	
	TTRTRATTIG YTTTIGTART TCTYTARTIT GTA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:	
15	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:	•
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:	
30	ATCCATYCCT GGCTTTAATT TTACTGGTAC AGT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:	
35	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:	
•	TATTCCTARY TGRACTTCCC ARARTCYTG AGT	33
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		
•	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:	
	ACWYTGGAAT ATYGCYGGTG ATCCTTTCCA YCC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:	
15	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
20	;	· ·
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:	
	CCATTTRTCA GGRTGGAGTT CATAMCCCAT CCA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
25	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	
	CTAYTATGGG KTCYKTYTCT AACTGGTACC AYA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
35	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

-48-

	<pre>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear</pre>	
5	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:	
	ATCIGGTTGT GCTTGAATRA TYCCYARTGC ATA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:	
10	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:         <ul> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
•	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:	
15	CATGCATGGC TTCYCCTTTT AGYTGRCATT TAT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:	
	AACAGGCDGC YTTAACYGYA GYACTGGTGA AAT	33
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
30		•
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:	
	TGTCYCTGTA ATRAACCCGA AAATTTTGAA TIT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:	
35		

WO 93/13223 PCT/US92/11168

-49-

	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
5		
	(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:	
	AGGCATAGGA CCCGTGTCTT	. 20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:	
10	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:	
	CTTCTTTGGA GAAAGTGGTG	20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:	
	TATAGCTTTH TDTCCRCAGA TTTCTAYRR	29
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:	
35	VCCAAKCTGR GTCAACADAT TTCKTCCRAT TAT	33

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:	
	TGGTGTGGTA ARYCCCCACY TYAAYAGATG YYS	33
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:	
	TCCTGCTTTT CCYWDTYTAG TYTCYCTRY	29
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:	
20	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25		
23	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:	
	YTCAGTYTTC TGATTTGTYG TDTBHKTNAD RGD	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:	
30	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:	

-51-

	AATTRYTGTG ATATTTYTCA TGDTCHTCTT GRGCCTT	37
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:	
5	<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:	
10	GCCATCTKCC TGCTAATTTT ARDAKRAART ATGCTGTYT	39
15		
	• •	
20		
25		
30		

Listings of All

Cycles, Procedures, and Sequences

Used to Synthesize the 15X Comb

Contained on the 3½" floppy disk for the 3808 DNA Synthesizer

DNA SEQUENCE VERSION 2.00

15X-2 SEQUENCE NAME:

SEQUENCE LENGTH: 10 DATE:

Aug 27, 199 14:06 TIME:

COMMENT:

5'- 77T 6AC T65 T -3'

FILE NAME	LAST ACCESS	DATE CREATED	FILE NAME	LAST ACCESS	DATE CREATED
		FILE TYPE:	SYNTHESIS CYC	LE	-
6.4XSC-5 1.2XD-6 ssceaf3 10ceaf3 10hpaf3 10rnaaf3 caf3 10hpf3 10rnaf3 ceaf1 hpaf1 rnaaf1 sscef1 10cef1	08 27, 1991 08 27, 1991 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990	01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990	6.4XS-5 1.2X-6 ceaf3 hpaf3 rnaaf3 sscef3 10cef3 rnaf3 ssceaf1 10ceaf1 10hpaf1 10rnaaf1 cef1 10hpf1	08 27. 1991 08 27. 1991 01 07. 1990 01 07. 1990	08 27, 1991 08 27, 1991 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990
rnafi		FILE TYPE:	BOTTLE CHANGE	PROCEDURE	
bc 18 - bc 16 - bc 14 - bc 12 - bc 10 - bc 8a - bc 6 - bc 4 - bc 2	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986	be 17 be 15 be 13 be 11 be 9 be 7 be 5 be 3 be 1	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986
		FILE TYPE:	END PROCEDURE		
CAP-PRIM deprce deprhp deprna	'08 27, 1991 10 08, 1996 10 08, 1996 10 08, 1996	10 08, 1990	CE NH3 deproe10 deprhp10 deprne10	08 27, 1991 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990	
		FILE TYPE:	BEGIN PROCEDI		
STD PREP	08 27, 199				07 01, 1986
		FILE TYPE:	SHUT-DOWN PR	OCEDURE	
clean003	07 01, 1981	07 01, 1986			
			ONA SEQUENCE		. •
15X-2	08 27, 199	1 08 27, 1991	_ iSX-1	<b>88 27. 1991</b>	08 27, 1991

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP	STEP	ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE .
NUMBER	#_	NAME	TIME	<u> A 6</u>	C T 5 6 7	STEP
1	10	#10 To Useka	3	Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
2	10	#18 To Waste #18 To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3	2	Reverse Flush	5		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	1	Block Flush	3		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
4 5		Advance FC	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
. 6	. 20	Phos Prep	3		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	· 28 +45	Group I On	. 1		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8	90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	8		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	90	TET To Column	4		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10	-46	Group   Off	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11	+47	Group 2 On	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
12		TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13 14	90 20	B+TET To Col 2	8		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	98	TET To Column	4 .		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
. 15 16	-48	6roup 2 Off	ī		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17	_	Group 3 On			Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18	+49 90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
		8+TET To Col 3	8	. •	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19 20	21	• •• • • • • •	4		s Yes Yes Yes Yes	Ye
	98	TET To Column	•	162 146	3 163 163 163 163 163	•••
. 5	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21 22	-30 4	Wait	15		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22	+45	Group 1 On	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23	90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	19	B+TET To Col 1	8		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25 26	98	TET To Column	4		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27	-46	Group   Off	ĩ		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
28	+47	Group 2 On	i		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
28 29	90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
<b>30</b>	, 50	B+TET To Col 2	8		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
31	90	TET To Column	4		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
32	-48	Group 2 Off	ĭ		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
33	+49	Group 3 On	i		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
34	90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
35	21	B+TET To Col 3	. 8		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
36	90	TET To Column	, 4		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
37	-50	Group 3 Off	ì		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
38	4	Wait	30		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
39	+45	Group 1 On	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
40	90	TET To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
41	19	B+TET To Col 1	8		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
42	90	TET To Column	Ă		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes-
43	-46	Group   Off	Ĭ.		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
~ <del>-</del>	~-		-			

			CTED		TEP	ACTI	VF F	TOR E	RASES	•	SAFE
STEP		ICTION	STEP	A.	6	C	Ť			7_	STEP
NUMBER	<u> </u>	NAME	TIME								
		C 2 O-	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes -
44		Group 2 On	- <sub>10</sub>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
45	90	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
46	20	B+TET To Col Z	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ·
47	90	TET To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
48		Group 2 Off	. 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
49	+49	Group 3 On	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
50	98	TET To Column	. 8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
51	- 21	B+TET To Col 3	4	Vac	Ves	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
52	90	TET To Column	1	V	Vac	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
53	-50	Group 3 Off		Ves	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes
54	4	Wait	30	Yes	160 Vaa	Yes	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
55	+45	Group 1 On	1	765	163	Yes	Vac	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
56	90	TET To Column	10	103	1 E 0	Yes	Vas	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes
57	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	165	169	Yes	Vaa	Vac	Vas	Yes	Yes
58	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	165	Yes	1 <del>6</del> 3	Vad	Vas	Ves	Yes
59	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	163	Yes	163	169	Vac.	Vas	Yes
60	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes	185	Yes	V	V	Vas	Y-5	Yes
61	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	765	Yes	700	163 Vac	Vas	Yes	Yes
62	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	163	Yes	168	103 Vaa	Vac	Ves	Yes
63	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	105	Yes	163	Vac	Vac	Vac	Yes
64	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	165	Yes	703	103 Vaa	Vac	Vas	Yes
65	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes	165	Yes	163	169	Vas	Vas	Yes
66	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	165	165	163	Vaa	Vac	Yes
67	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	763	193	Ves	Yes
68	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	169	169	Vac	Vac	Yes
69	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	162	765	Ves	Vas	Yes
70	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	163	169	V	Vas	Yes
71	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	103	100	165 Vac	Yes
72	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	763	700	Vas	Yes
73	19	8+TET To Cal 1	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	163	100	700	Yes
74	98	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	165	185	7 6 5	Yes
75		Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	105	195	165	103 Vas	Yes
7 <b>6</b>	1447	Group 2 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	165	700	700 Vad	Yes
77	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	V	V-5	Yes
78	20	8+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	105	100	7	Yes
79	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	108	705	163	Yes
80	-48		1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	105	100	700 Vaa	Yes
81		Group 3 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	185	165	Vac	Yes
82	98	TET To Column	' 10	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	785	195	1 G3	Yes
83	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	185	1 65 Vac	V	Yes
84	90	TET To Column	4	Yas	Yes	Yes	788	785 V	105	163	Yes
85	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	185	705 V	163	Yes
86	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	108	195	Yes	Yes
87	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	105	105	185	Yes	Yes_
96	. 38	TET To Column	18	Yes	Yes	Yes	105	166	165	Yes	1000

<sup>(</sup>Continued next page.)

STEP NUMBER®	FU #	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME	STE	P ACT	IVE F	OR E		7_	SAFE STEP
			•	<b>.</b>		<b>V</b>	M = =	V	V	V
89	19	B+TET To Col 1	- 8	Yes Yes						Yes Yes
90	90	TET To Column	4							Yes
91	-45	Group   Off	1	Yes Ye						
92	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Ye						Yes
93	90	TET To Column	· 10	Yes Ye						Yes
94	20	B+TET To CoI 2	8	Yes Ye						Yes
95	90	TET To Column	4 .	Yas Ye						Yes
96	· -48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Ye						Yes
97	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Ye						Yes
98	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Ye						Yes
99	21	B+TET To Cal 3	8	Yes Ye						Yes
100	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Ye						Yes
101	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Ye						Yes
102.	4	Wait	30	Yes Ye						Yes-
103	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Ye						Yes
104	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Ye						Yes
105	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Ye						Yes
106	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Ye						Yes
107	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes Ye						Yes
108	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Ye						Yes
109	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Ye						Yes
110	20	8+TET To Col 2	. 8	Yes Ye						Yes
111	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Ye						Yes
112	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Ye						Yes
113	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Ye						
114	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Ye						Yes
115	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Ye						Yes
116	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Ye						Yes
117	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Ye						Yes
118	. 4	Wait	<b>30</b>	Yes Ye						Yes
. 119	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Ye						Yes
120	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Y						Yes
121	' 19	8+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Y						Yes
122	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Y						Yes
123	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes Y						Yes
124	+47	Group 2 On	t	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
125	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Y						Yes
126	20	B+TET To Col 2	, 8		es Yes					Yes
127	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
128	-48	Group 2 Off	t	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
129	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
130	90	TET To Column	18	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
131	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
132	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
133	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Y	es Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes -

	CUNCTION	STEP	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE
STEP	FUNCTION # NAME	TIME	A 6 C T 5 6 7	STEP
NUMBER	# NAME	_		Yes
134	4 Wait	-30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
135	10 #18 To Waste	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
136	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
137	1 Block Flush	4	Yes	Yes
138	81 #15 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
139	13 \$15 To Column	22	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
140	10 #18 To Waste	. 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
141	. 4 Wait	. 30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
142	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
143	1 Block Flush	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
144	g #18 To Column	10 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
145	34 Flush to Waste	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
146	g \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
147	2 Reverse Flush	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
148	g \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
149	2 Reverse Flush	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
150	g #18 To Column 2 Reverse Flush	Š	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
151		4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
152		i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
153		. 1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
154		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
155	37 Relay 3 Pulse 82 #14 To Waste	. 3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
156	30 \$17 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes
157	10 \$18 To Waste	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
158 159	g \$18 To Column	. 20	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
160	[1 \$17 To Column	60	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
181	14 \$14 To Column	20	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
162	2 Reverse Flush	7	Yes	No
163	11 \$17 To Column	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
164	34 Flush to Waste	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
165	11 \$17 To Column	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
166	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
167	14 \$14 To Column	20	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
158	.34 Flush to Waste	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
169	7 Waste-Bottle	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
170	g \$18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
171	Z Reverse Flush	, 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
172	9 \$18 To Column	. 10	VAL VAL YES YES YES YES YES	Yes
173	Z Reverse Flush	5 10	YAS YAS YOS YOS YOS YOS YOS	Yes
174	g \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
175	Z Reverse Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
176	1 Block Flush	•		

								360	٠		
				.184				•	عمل إ		
-							3	۴.	i	17.30	
STEP	FUI	NCTION	STEP	!	STEP					i .	SAFE
NUMBER	#	NAME	TIME	<u> </u>	6_		_I	_5_	_6_		<u>STEP</u>
			_								
1	10	#18 To Waste	3		Yes						Yes
· 2	9	#18 To Column	10		Yes						Yes
3	2	Reverse Flush	. 5		Yes						Yes
4	1	Block Flush	3		Yes						Yes
S	5	Advance FC	. <u>1</u>		Yes						Yes
6	· 28	Phos Prep	3		Yes						Yes
7	+45	Group 1 On	1		Yes						Yes
8	90	TET To Column	16		Yes						Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	8		Yes						Yes
10	90	TET To Column	4		Yes						Yes
11	-46	Group   Off	!		Yes						Yes Yes
12	+47	Group 2 On	1		Yes						Yes
13	90	TET To Column	10 .		Yes						Yes
14	20	B+TET To Col 2	8		Yes						Yes
15	90	TET To Column	4		Yes						Yes
16	-48	Group Z Off	1		Yes						Yes
17	+49	Group 3 On	1		Yes						Yes
18	90	TET To Column	10		Yes						Yes
19	21	B+TET To Col 3	8 4		Yes						Yes
20	90	TET To Column	# 1		Yes						Yes
21	-50	Group 3 Off	15		Yes						Yes
22	4	Wait	15		Yes						Yes
23	+45	Group 1 On	10		Yes						Yes
24	90	TET To Column .	8		Yes						Yes
25	19	B+TET To Col 1			Yes						Yes
25	90	TET To Column	ĭ		Yes						Yes
27	-46	Group 1 Off			Yes						Yes
28	+47	Group 2 On TET To Column	10		Yes						Yés
29 30	90 20	B+TET To Col 2	8		Yes						Yes
30 31	, 36	TET To Column	Ĭ		Yes						Yes
32	-48	Group 2 Off	i		Yes						Yes
3 <b>2</b>	+49	Group 3 On	i		Yes						Yes
34	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3 <b>5</b>	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3 <b>5</b>	90	TET To Column	4		Yes						Yes
37 37		Group 3 Off	• 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
38	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	. Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
39	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
40	98	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
41	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
42	90	TET To Column	4		Yes						Yes
43	-45		1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes_

STEP NUMBER	FVI	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME			ACTIV C				7		AFE IEP
<u>NOTIONS</u>								V	V	V	,	yes ,
44	+47	Group 2 On	<b>– 1</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	765	163		res Yes
. 45	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Tes	163	103		
46	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>'es</b>	Yes	165	163		Yes . Yes
47	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>es</b>	165	165	163		
48	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	163	163		Yes
49	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	63	Yes	Tes	163		Yes
50	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>e</b> 5	Yes	165	163		Yes Yes
. 51	- 21	B+TET To Col 3	. 8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	res	763	163		Yes
52	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>.</b> es	Tes	T 65	163		Yes
53	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	85	Yes	Tes	185		res Yes
54	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>es</b>	Yes	Tes	163		res Yes
55	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	165		
56	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	165		Yes
57	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>es</b>	Yes	Yes	185		Yes
58	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
59	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
50	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
61	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
62	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
63	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
64	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
65	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	185		Yes Yes
66	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	105		res Yes
67	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Yes		res Yes
68	90	TET To Column	· 4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	<b>es</b>	Yes	Tes	105		Yes
69	-50	Group 3 Off	ī	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	(es	Yes	Tes	185		Yes
70	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	100		Yas
71	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	es	Yes	165	169		Yes
72	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	63	Yes	Tes	103		Yes
73	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Yes	Yes	Tes		Yes
74	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	65	Tes	105	183		Yes
75	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	(es	Tes	105	162		Yes
76	1+47	Group 2 On	1.	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	/es	Tes	105	162		Yas
77	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	res	105	765	169		Yes
78	29	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	785	169	163		Yes
79	90	TET To Coluan	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	res	Tes	105	700		Yes
80	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	Tes	105	193		Yas
81	+49	Group 3 On	. 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	105	700	193 Vaa		Yes
82	90	TET To Column	• i @	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	165	169	103 Vac		Yes
83	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Tes	Yes '	T 65	163	Yes	100		Yes
84	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	105	Yes Y	705	765 V	705	765		Yes
85	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	165	783	103	Ves		Yes'
86	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes Y	195	185 Va-	705	1 4 5 Vec		Yes
87	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	185	105	165	165		Yes
88	90	TET To Column	. 10	Yes	Y85	Yes Y	1 0 S	162	1 4 2	1 4 2		

<sup>(</sup>Continued next page.)

STEP NUMBER	FU #	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME	A	6 E	ACT:	IVE !	FOR 1	_	5 	SAFE STEP
		0.757 7				v			<b>.</b>	v -	
89	19	B+TET To Col 1			Yes						Yes
90	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
91	-46	Group   Off			Yes						Yes
92	+47	Group 2 On			Yes						Yes
93	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
94	20	B+TET To Col 2	-		Yes						Yes
95	90	TET To Column	,		Yes						Yes
	-48	Group 2 Off	•		Yes						Yes
97	+49	Group 3 On			Yes						Yes
98	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
99	21	B+TET To Col 3			Yes						Yes
100	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
101	-50	Group 3 Off									Yes
102	4	Wait			Yes						Yes
103	+45	Group 1 On	•		Yes						Yes
104	90	TET To Column									Yes
105	19	B+TET To Col !	•		Yes						Yes
106	90	TET To Column	•		Yes						Yes Yes
107	-45	Group 1 Off	•								
108	+47	Group 2 On			Yes						Yes Yes
109	90	TET To Column	· <del>-</del>		Yes	_		_			Yes
110	20	B+TET To Col 2	•		Yes						Yes
111	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
112 113	-48 +49	Group 2 Off Group 3 On	~		Yes						Yes
114	90	TET To Column	•		Yes						Yes
115	21	B+TET To Col 3			Yes						Yes
115	90	TET To Column	_		Yes						Yes
117	-50	Group 3 Off	•		Yes						Yes
118	-30 4	Walt	•		Yes						Yes
119	+45	Group 1 On			Yes						Yes
120	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
121	1 1.9	8+TET To Col 1	• •		Yes						Yes
122	90	TET To Column	_		Yes						Yes
123	-46	Group   Off	-		Yes						Yes
124	+47	Group 2 On	•		Yes						Yes .
125	30	TET To Column	•		Yes						Yes
125	20	B+TET To Col 2			Yes						Yes
127	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
128	-48	Group 2 Off	•		Yes						Yes
129	+49	Group 3 On			Yes						Yes
130	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
131	21	8+TET To Col 3			Yes						· Yes
132	. 90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
133	-50	Group 3 Off			Yes						Yes

STEP NUMBER*	FUI _#_	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME	STEP A 6	ACTIVE FOR BASES C T S 6 7	SAFE STEP
			-30	V V	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
134	4	Wait	<del>-3</del> 0	163 163 Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
135	16	Cap Prep	3	165 165	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
. 136		#18 To Waste	3		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
137	2	Reverse Flush	5 4	165 165	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
138	1	Block Flush	•	765 765	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
139	91	Cap To Column	22_	185 185	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
140	10	\$18 To Waste	. 3	163 163	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
. 141	- 4	Wait	30	Tes Tes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
142	2	Reverse Flush	5	Tes Tes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
143	1	Block Flush	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
144	81	\$15 To Waste	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
145	13	#15 To Column	22	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
146	10	#18 To Waste	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes.
147	4	Wait	30		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
148	2	Reverse Flush	6		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
149	1	Block Flush	4		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
150	9	\$18 To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
151	34	Flush to Waste	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
152	9	#18 To Column	10	165 T65	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
153	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Tes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
154	9	#18 To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
155	. 2	Raverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
156	9	#18 To Column	10	162 162	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
157	. 2		5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
158	1	Block Flush	4	785 185	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
159	33	Cycle Entry	1	Tes Tes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
150	6	Waste-Port	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
161	37	Relay 3 Pulse	1	163 163	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
162	82	\$14 To Waste	3	165 165	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
163	30	\$17 To Waste	3 5	765 165	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
164	10	\$18 To Waste		185 185	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
165	. 9	\$18 To Column	20	185 185	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
166	11	\$17 To Column	60 20	Vas Ves	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
167	14	\$14 To Column	7	Ves Ves	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
168	2	Reverse Flush	15	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
169	11	\$17 To Column	5	Vas Vas	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
170	34	Flush to Waste		Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
171	11	\$17 To Column	, 15 5	Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
172	2	Reverse Flush		Vec Vec	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
173		\$14 To Column	20	100 103 Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
174		Flush to Waste	10 1	APS APS	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
175	7	Waste-Bottle		Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes -
176	9	\$18 To Column	18	Vac Vac	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
177	2	Reverse Flush	5	165 165	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes -
178	9	\$18 To Column	10	165 165	163 169 169 169	

STEP NUMBER	FUNCTION # NAME	STEP TIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A 6 C T 5 6 7	SAFE STEP
179	2 Reverse Flush	_ 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
180	9 #18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
181	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
182	1 Block Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes

CTEO	. CII	NCTION	STEP	9	STEP	ACT	IVE I	FOR 1	BASE	S	SAFE
STEP	#	NAME	HME	A	6	C	T	5_	6	_7_	STEP
NUMBER		WANE									
ì	10	\$18 To Weste	2						Yes		Yes
2	9	#18 To Column	9						Yes		Yes '
3	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	1	Block Flush	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Š	Š	Advance FC	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	. 28	Phos Prep	· 3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	90	TET To Column	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	90	TET To Column	3						Yes		Yes
11	19	B+TET To Col I	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13	19	B+TET To Col 1	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
14	9	\$18 To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	-4 <b>6</b>	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17	10	\$18 To Waste	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
18	1	Block Flush	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
19	90	TET To Column	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	20	B+TET To Col 2	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
20 21	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
22	20	B+TET To Col 2	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
23	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
24	20	B+TET To Col Z	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
25	9	#18 To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 <b>6</b> 27	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	19	\$18 To Waste	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
28 29	1	Block Flush	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
29 30	90	TET To Column	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
31	' 21	B+TET To Col 3	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
31 32	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
33	21	B+TET To Col 3	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
34	98	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	'Yes	Yes	Yes
35	21	B+TET To Col 3	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
36	9	\$18 To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
-	-50	Group 3 Off	1 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
37 38	4	Wait	20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
38 39	2	Reverse Flush	5						Yes		Yes
40 40	10	\$18 To Waste	Ž						Yes		Yes
41	9	218 To Column	9						Yes		Yes
42	2	Reverse Flush	Š						Yes		Yes
42 43	10	\$18 To Waste	3						Yes		Yes

STEP	FU	NCTI ON	STEP	. STEP					_	SAFE
NUMBER	_#_	NAME	TIME	<u>A 5</u>	С		5	_5_	<del></del>	STEP
4.4		Block Flush	- 3					Yes		Yes
44	1 +45	Group 1 On	i					Yes		Yes
45 46		TET To Column	Ġ					Yes		Yes
46	90	B+TET To Col 1	6					Yes		Yes
47	19		3					Yes		Yes
48	90	TET To Column	3					Yes		Yes
49	19	B+TET To Col 1	3					Yes		Yes
50	90	TET To Column	. 3					Yes		Yes
51	. 19	8+TET To Col 1	. 1					Yes		Yes
<b>52</b>	9	#18 To Column Group 1 Off	i					Yes		Yes
<b>53</b>	-45 +47	Group 2 On	i					Yes		Yes
54		\$18 To Waste	4					Yes		Yes
<b>55</b>	10	Block Flush	3	•				Yes		Yes
56 57	90	TET To Column	Š					Yes		Yes
5 <i>1</i> 58	20	B+TET To Col 2	6					Yes		Yes
	90	TET To Column	. 3					Yes		Yes
59 6 <b>0</b>	20	B+TET To Col 2	3					Yes		Yes
	90	TET To Column	3					Yes		Yes
61 62	20	B+TET To Col 2	3					Yes		Yes
	20	\$18 To Column	1					Yes	•	Yes
63 54	-48	Group 2 Off	i					Yes	3	Ye
64	-40	eroup 2 off	•							
s 65	+49	Group 3 On	1					Yes		Yes
65	10	#18 To Waste	4					Yes		Yes
67	1	Block Flush	3					Yes		Yes
68	90	TET To Column	6					Yes		Yes
69	21	B+TET To Col 3	. 6					Yes		Yes
70	90	TET To Column	3					Yes		Yes
71	21	B+TET To Col 3	3					Yes		Yas
72	98	TET To Column	3					Yes		Yes
73	21	B+TET To Col 3	3					Yes		Yes
74	9	\$18 To Column	1					Yes		Yes
75	'-50	Group 3 Off	1					Yes		Yes
76	4	Wait	20					Yes		Yes
77	16	Cap Prep	3	Yes Yes						Yes
78	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes						Yes
79	1	Block Flush	3	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
80	91	Cap To Column	12	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
81	10	\$18 To Waste	' 3	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
82	4	Wait	8	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
83	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
84	81	\$15 To Waste	3	Yes Yes	Yes	Yos	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
85	13	\$15 To Column	. 10	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
86	10	\$18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	Yes
87	4	Wait	15	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	785	Yes_
88	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	765	162	Yes

<sup>(</sup>Continued next page.)

STEP	FU	INCTION	STEP	STEP ACTIVE FO		SAFE
NUMBER	#	NAME	TIME	A 6 C T	5 6 7	STEP
89	9	\$18 To Column	_ 9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y		Yes
90	_	Flush to Waste	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		Yes
91	9	#18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		Yes
92	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yes Yes	Yes
93	9	#18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye	ss Yes Yes	Yes
94	_	Reverse Flush	S	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye	s Yes Yes	Yes
9 <b>5</b>	1	8lock Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye		Yes
96 ·	-	Cycle Entry	· ī	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y	ss Yes Yes	Yes
97	9	\$18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yes Yes	Yes
38	2	Reverse Flush	Š	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	ss Yes Yes	Yes
99	6	Waste-Port	ī	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y		Yes
• -	30		3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		Yes
100	11	217 To Column	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
101	34	Flush to Waste	i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
102		\$17 To Column	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye		No
103	11		i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye		No
104	34	Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
105	11.		i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
105	34	Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y		No
107	11	#17 To Column	í	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
108	34	Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yos Yos	No
109	11	\$17 To Column	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yes Yes	No
110	34	Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No
111	11	\$17 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yes Yes	No
112		Flush to Weste	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	es Yes Yes	No
113	9		7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	ns Yes Yes	No
114		Flush to Waste	-	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y	98 Yes Yes	Yes
115	-		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		Yes
116		\$18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	. Yes Yes	Yes
117		Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
118		\$18 To Column	9	185 185 185 185 18	33 103 163	Yes
119	2		5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	sa (de 193	Yes
170	1	Block Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Y	12 (62 169	

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP	,	STEP	ACT:	IVE	FOR 1	BASE	s	SAFE
NUMBER	#	NAME	IIME			C		5		7	STEP
<u></u>											بتقنيد
1	10	#18 To Waste	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	9	#18 To Column	9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	1	Block Flush	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	5	Advance FC	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	. 28	Phos Prep	· 3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	+45	Group I On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	90	TET To Column	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	19	B+TET To Col 1	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13	19	B+TET To Col 1	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
14	9	\$18 To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	-46	Group   Off	1		Yes						Yes
16	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17	10	\$18 To Waste	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
18	1	Block Flush	3	. ••	Yes						Yes
19	90	TET To Column	6		Yes				-		Yes
20	20	8+TET To Col 2	6		Yes						Yes
21	90	TET To Column	3		Yes						Yes
22	28	8+TET To Col Z	3		Yes						Yes
23	90	TET To Column	3							Yes	Yes
24	20	B+TET To Col 2	3		Yes						Yes
25	9	#18 To Column	• 1		Yes						Yes
26	-48	Group 2 Off	1		Yes						Yes
27	+49	Group 3 On	1		Yes						Yes
28	10	#18 To Wasta	•		Yes						Yes
29	1	Block Flush	-		Yes						Yes
30	90	TET To Column	_		Yes						Yes
31	, 51	B+TET To Col 3	-		Yes						Yes
32	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
33	21	B+TET To Col 3	-		Yes						Yes
34	90	TET To Column	<b>—</b>		Yes						Yes
35	21	B+TET To Col 3			Yes						Yes
36	9	\$18 To Column			Yes						Yes
<b>37</b>	-50	Group 3 Off	/ <del>-</del>		Yes						Yes
38	4	Wait			Yes						Yes
39	16	Cap Prep	_		Yes						Yes
40	2	Roverse Flush	_		Yes						Yes
41	1	Block Flush	•				-				Yes
42	91	Cap To Column			Yes						Yes
43	10	\$18 To Weste	3	Yes	Yes	105	165	108	165	Tes	Yes-

		STEP	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE
STEP	FUNCTION	TIME	A 6 C T 5 6 7	STEP
NUMBER	# NAME	1411		
4.4	4 Wait	- 8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
44	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
45		3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes ,
46		10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
47	13 #15 To Column 10	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
48		15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
49	4 Wait	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
50	2 Reverse Flush	. 9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
51	9 \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
52	34 Flush to Waste	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
53	9 \$18 To Column	Š	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
54	2 Reverse Flush	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
55	9 \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
56	Z Reverse Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
57	1 Block Flush	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
58	33 Cycle Entry	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
59	9 \$18 To Column	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
60	2 Reverse Flush	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
61	6 Waste-Port	. 3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
62	30 \$17 To Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
· 63	11 \$17 To Column	į	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
64	34 Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
65	11 \$17 To Column	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
66	34 Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
67	11 \$17 To Calumn		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
68	34 Flush to Waste	. 1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	ЙO
69	11 \$17 To Column		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
70	34 Flush to Waste	1 7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
71	11 #17 To Column		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
72	34 Flush to Waste	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
73	11 \$17 To Column	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
74	34 Flush to Waste	. 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
75 ·	g \$18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
76	34 Flush to Waste	7	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
77	7 Waste-Bottle	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
78	g \$18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
79	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
80	g \$18 To Column	9	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
81	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
82	1 Block Flush	3	165 163 165 165 165 165 165	

STEP NUMBER	FUNCTION # NAME	STEP TIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A 6 C T 5 6 7	SAFE STEP
t	10 #18 To Waste	2	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
2	9 \$18 To Column	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3 .	2 Reverse Flush		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	1 Block Flush	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
4	16 Cap Prep	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
<b>5</b>	91 Cap To Column	n ' 30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	10 \$18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	1 Block Flush	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8		300	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
9	· · · ·	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10			Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11		•• •	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
12		4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13	1 Block Flush	300	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
1 4	4 Wait	7.1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
15	2 Reverse Flus	·· <u> </u>	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
16	10 \$18 To Waste	·	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17	9 \$18 To Colum	•••	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18	2 Reverse Flus		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19	9 #18 To Colum		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
20	2 Reverse Flus		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21	9 #18 To Colum		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22	2 Reverse Flus	···	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23	9 #18 To Colum		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
24	2 Reverse Flus		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	9 #18 To Colum		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
26	2 Reverse Flus	h 60	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27	1 Block Flush	5	165 165 165 165 165 165	

STEP	Fu	INCTION	STEP	,	STEP	ACT	IVE	FOR	BASE	s	SAFI
NUMBER	#	NAME	HME	A	6	С	T	5_	6_	7	<u>STEP</u>
											•
i	2	Reverse Flush	60							Yes	Yes
2	27	#10 To Collect	17							Yes	Yes
2 3	10	#18 To Waste	5							Yes	Yes
4	1	Block Flush	5							Yes	Yes
5 6	4	Wait	<u> 660</u>							Yes	Yes
6	27	#10 To Collect	18							Yes	Yes
7	10	#18 To Waste	5							Yes	Yes
8	1	Block Flush	5							Yes	Yes
9	4	Wait.	56 <b>0</b>							Yes	Yes
10	27	<b>\$10</b> To €ollect	18							Yes	Yes
11	10	<b>\$18 To Waste</b>	· 5							Yes	Yes
12	1	Block Flush	5							Yes	Yes
13	4	Wait	660							Yes	Yes
14	27	#10 To Collect	17							Yes	Yes
15	10	\$18 To Waste	5	Yes							Yes
16	1	Block Flush	5							Yes	Yes
17	4	Wait	660							Yes	Yes
18	8	Flush To CLCT	. 9							Yes	Yes
19		\$10 To Collect	14							Yes	Yes
20		Flush To CLCT	9							Yes	Yes
21		Reverse Flush	68							Yes	Yes
22	ī	Block Flush	4							Yes	Yes
23	10	\$18 To Waste	5							Yes	Yes
24		\$18 To Column	30	Yes							Yes
25		Reverse Flush	60							Yes	Yas
26	1	Block Flush	10							Yes	Yes
27	42	210 Vent	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Shorter work compress to king,

STEP	E11	NCTION	STEP	9	STEP	ACT	CVE F	OR E	BASES	5	SAFE
NUMBER	#_		THE	A	6	C	T	_5_	6	7	STEP
1	28	Phos Prep	10			Yes					Yes
2	52	A To Waste	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	53	6 To Waste	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	54	C To Waste	5			Yes					Yes
4	_	T To Waste	5			Yes					Yes
5	55		. 5			Yes					Yes
6	56	#5 To Waste	5	V	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	57	\$5 To Waste				Yes					Yes
8	58	<b>‡7</b> To Waste	5								Yes
9	61	TET To Waste	8			Yes					
10	10	\$18 To Waste	10			Yes					Yes
11	16	Cap Prep	10			Yes					Yes
12	59	Cap A To Waste	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13 .	60	Cap 8 To Waste	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
		\$15 To Waste	8			Ýes					Yes
14	81	- · · <del>-</del> · · -	8			Yes					Yes
15	82	#14 To Waste	-			Yes					Yes
16	30	\$17 To Waste	10								Yes
17	10	\$18 To Waste	15			Yes					
18	1	Block Flush	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tes	165	163	Yes

10

35

#### Claims

1. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as an amplifier probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, wherein said oligonucleotide comprises:

a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer,

wherein said HIV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA (SEQ ID NO:45), TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT (SEQ ID NO:5), 15 CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTGGYTTCCATY (SEQ ID NO:6), KTATYTGATCRTAYTGTCYYACTTTGATAAAAC (SEQ ID NO:7), GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTACC (SEQ ID NO:8), YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRCA (SEQ ID NO:9), ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT (SEQ ID NO:46), 20 YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC (SEQ ID NO:10), TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTTYTC (SEQ ID NO:11), AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC (SEQ ID NO:12), AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC (SEQ ID NO:13), CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTTTG (SEQ ID NO:17), 25 TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC (SEQ ID NO:18), TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC (SEQ ID NO:19), AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC (SEQ ID NO:20), CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA (SEQ ID NO:49), CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA (SEQ ID NO:50), 30 TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC (SEQ ID NO:21), GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA (SEQ ID NO:22), YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA (SEQ ID NO:23), YTGTGARTCTGTYACTATRTTTACTTCTRRTCC (SEQ ID NO:24),

ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA (SEQ ID NO:51),

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TATTATTTGAYTRACWAWCTCTGATTCACTYTK (SEQ ID NO:25),
          CAGRTARACYTTTTCCTTTTTTATTARYTGYTC (SEO ID NO:26).
          TCCTCCAATYCCTTTRTGTGCTGGTACCCATGM (SEQ ID NO:27),
          TCCHBBACTGACTAATYTATCTACTTGTTCATT (SEQ ID NO:28),
 5
          ATCTATTCCATYYAAAAATAGYAYYTTYCTGAT (SEQ ID NO:29),
          GTGGYAGRTTAAARTCAYTAGCCATTGCTYTCC (SEQ ID NO:30),
          CACAGCTRGCTACTATTTCYTTYGCTACYAYRG (SEQ ID NO:31),
          CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT (SEO ID NO:52).
         RYTGCCATATYCCKGGRCTACARTCTACTTGTC (SEQ ID NO:32),
10
         DGATWAYTTTTCCTTCYARATGTGTACAATCTA (SEQ ID NO:33),
         CTATRTAKCCACTRGCYACATGRACTGCTACYA (SEQ ID NO:34),
         CYTGYCCTGTYTCTGCTGGRATDACTTCTGCTT (SEQ ID NO:35),
         TGSKGCCATTGTCTGTATGTAYTRYTKTTACTG (SEQ ID NO:36),
         AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT (SEQ ID NO:53),
         GAATKCCAAATTCCTGYTTRATHCCHGCCCACC (SEQ ID NO:37),
15
         ATTCYAYTACYCCTTGACTTTGGGGRTTGTAGG (SEQ ID NO:38),
         GBCCTATRATTTKCTTTAATTCHTTATTCATAG (SEQ ID NO:39),
         CTSTCTTAAGRTGYTCAGCYTGMTCTCTTACYT (SEQ ID NO:40).
```

- 2. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein said second segment comprises

  AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:55).
- 3. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a capture probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises:
  - a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid: and
- a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase,

wherein said HTV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

35 TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTTCTTTATRGC (SEQ ID NO:14),

```
TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTIT (SEQ ID NO:15),
          TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT (SEQ ID NO:47),
          ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC (SEQ ID NO:48),
          TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT (SEQ ID NO:16),
          TAAAATTGTGRATRAAYACTGCCATTTGTACWG (SEQ ID NO:41),
 5
          CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT (SEQ ID NO:42),
          TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC (SEQ ID NO:43),
          TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA (SEQ ID NO:44),
          TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT (SEQ ID NO:54).
10
                    The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 3,
     wherein said second segment comprises
               CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:56).
15
               5. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as an
     amplifier probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for
     HIV, wherein said oligonucleotide comprises:
               a first segment comprising a nucleotide
     sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV
20
     nucleic acid; and
               a second segment comprising a nucleotide
     sequence substantially complementary to an
     oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer,
               wherein said HIV nucleic acid segment is
25
     selected from the group consisting of
```

CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTGGYTTCCATY (SEQ ID NO:6),

KTATYTGATCRTAYTGTCYYACTTTGATAAAAC (SEQ ID NO:7),

GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTACC (SEQ ID NO:8),

YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRCA (SEQ ID NO:9),

YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC (SEQ ID NO:10),

TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTTYTC (SEQ ID NO:11),

AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC (SEQ ID NO:12),

TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT (SEQ ID NO:5),

35 AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC (SEQ ID NO:13),

```
TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTTCTTTATRGC (SEQ ID NO:14),
         TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTTT (SEQ ID NO:15),
         TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT (SEQ ID NO:16),
         CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTTTG (SEQ ID NO:17),
         TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC (SEQ ID NO:18),
 5
         TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC (SEQ ID NO:19),
         AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC (SEQ ID NO:20),
         TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC (SEQ ID NO:21),
         GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA (SEQ ID NO:22),
         YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA (SEQ ID NO:23),
10
         YTGTGARTCTGTYACTATRTTTACTTCTRRTCC (SEQ ID NO:24),
         TATTATTTGAYTRACWAWCTCTGATTCACTYTK (SEQ ID NO:25),
          CAGRTARACYTTTTCCTTTTTTATTARYTGYTC (SEQ ID NO:26),
         TCCTCCAATYCCTTTRTGTGCTGGTACCCATGM (SEQ ID NO:27),
         TCCHBBACTGACTAATYTATCTACTTGTTCATT (SEQ ID NO:28),
15
         ATCTATTCCATYYAAAAATAGYAYYTTYCTGAT (SEQ ID NO:29),
         GTGGYAGRTTAAARTCAYTAGCCATTGCTYTCC (SEQ ID NO:30),
          CACAGCTRGCTACTATTTCYTTYGCTACYAYRG (SEQ ID NO:31),
         RYTGCCATATYCCKGGRCTACARTCTACTTGTC (SEQ ID NO:32).
         DGATWAYTTTTCCTTCYARATGTGTACAATCTA (SEQ ID NO:33),
20
          CTATRTAKCCACTRGCYACATGRACTGCTACYA (SEQ ID NO:34),
          CYTGYCCTGTYTCTGCTGGRATDACTTCTGCTT (SEQ ID NO:35),
          TGSKGCCATTGTCTGTATGTAYTRYTKTTACTG (SEQ ID NO:36),
          GAATKCCAAATTCCTGYTTRATHCCHGCCCACC (SEQ ID NO:37),
         ATTCYAYTACYCCTTGACTTTGGGGRTTGTAGG (SEQ ID NO:38),
25
         GBCCTATRATTTKCTTTAATTCHTTATTCATAG (SEQ ID NO:39),
          CTSTCTTAAGRTGYTCAGCYTGMTCTCTTACYT (SEQ ID NO:40),
          TAAAATTGTGRATRAAYACTGCCATTTGTACWG (SEQ ID NO:41),
          CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT (SEQ ID NO:42),
          TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC (SEQ ID NO:43),
30
          TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA (SEQ ID NO:44).
```

6. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 5, wherein said second segment comprises

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:55).

- 7. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a capture probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises:
- a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and
- a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase,
- wherein said HIV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA (SEQ ID NO:45),

ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT (SEQ ID NO:46),

TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT (SEQ ID NO:47),

15 ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC (SEQ ID NO:48),

CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA (SEQ ID NO:49),

CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA (SEQ ID NO:50),

ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA (SEQ ID NO:51),

CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT (SEQ ID NO:52),

20 AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT (SEQ ID NO:53),

TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT (SEQ ID NO:54).

8. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein said second segment comprises

CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:56).

9. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a spacer oligonucleotide in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises a segment substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of TATAGCTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57),

35 VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58),

```
TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59),
TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60),
YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61),
AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),
GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).
```

10. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as amplifier probes in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein each member of the set comprises

a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer,

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oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer, wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA (SEQ ID NO:45), TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT (SEQ ID NO:5), 20 CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTGGYTTCCATY (SEQ ID NO:6), KTATYTGATCRTAYTGTCYYACTTTGATAAAAC (SEQ ID NO:7), GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTACC (SEQ ID NO:8), YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRCA (SEQ ID NO:9), ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT (SEQ ID NO:46), 25 YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC (SEQ ID NO:10), TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTTYTC (SEQ ID NO:11), AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC (SEQ ID NO:12), AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC (SEQ ID NO:13), CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTTTG (SEQ ID NO:17), 30 TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC (SEQ ID NO:18), TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC (SEQ ID NO:19), AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC (SEQ ID NO:20), CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA (SEQ ID NO:49), CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA (SEQ ID NO:50), 35 TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC (SEQ ID NO:21),

```
GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA (SEQ ID NO:22),
          YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA (SEQ ID NO:23),
          YTGTGARTCTGTYACTATRTTTACTTCTRRTCC (SEQ ID NO:24),
         ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA (SEQ ID NO:51),
          TATTATTTGAYTRACWAWCTCTGATTCACTYTK (SEQ ID NO:25),
 5
          CAGRITARACYTTTTCCTTTTTTATTARYTGYTC (SEQ ID NO:26),
          TCCTCCAATYCCTTTRTGTGCTGGTACCCATGM (SEQ ID NO:27),
          TCCHBBACTGACTAATYTATCTACTTGTTCATT (SEQ ID NO:28),
         ATCTATTCCATYYAAAAATAGYAYYTTYCTGAT (SEQ ID NO:29),
         GTGGYAGRTTAAARTCAYTAGCCATTGCTYTCC (SEQ ID NO:30),
10
          CACAGCTRGCTACTATTTCYTTYGCTACYAYRG (SEQ ID NO:31),
          CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT (SEQ ID NO:52),
         RYTGCCATATYCCKGGRCTACARTCTACTTGTC (SEQ ID NO:32),
         DGATWAYTTTTCCTTCYARATGTGTACAATCTA (SEQ ID NO:33),
          CTATRIAKCCACTRGCYACATGRACTGCTACYA (SEQ ID NO:34),
15
          CYTGYCCTGTYTCTGCTGGRATDACTTCTGCTT (SEQ ID NO:35),
          TGSKGCCATTGTCTGTATGTAYTRYTKTTACTG (SEQ ID NO:36),
         AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT (SEQ ID NO:53),
          GAATKCCAAATTCCTGYTTRATHCCHGCCCACC (SEQ ID NO:37),
         ATTCYAYTACYCCTTGACTTTGGGGRTTGTAGG (SEQ ID NO:38),
20
          GBCCTATRATITKCTTTAATTCHTTATTCATAG (SEQ ID NO:39),
          CTSTCTTAAGRTGYTCAGCYTGMTCTCTTACYT (SEQ ID NO:40).
```

- 11. The set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 10, wherein said second segment comprises AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:55).
- 12. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides
  useful as capture probes in a sandwich hybridization
  30 assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein
  each member of the set comprises
  - a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase,

wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are

TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTTCTTTATRGC (SEQ ID NO:14),

TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTTT (SEQ ID NO:15),

TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT (SEQ ID NO:47),

ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC (SEQ ID NO:48),

TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT (SEQ ID NO:16),

TAAAATTGTGRATRAAYACTGCCATTTGTACWG (SEQ ID NO:41),

CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT (SEQ ID NO:42),

TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC (SEQ ID NO:43),

TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA (SEQ ID NO:44),

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13. The set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 12, wherein said second segment comprises

TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT (SEQ ID NO:54).

## CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:56).

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- 14. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as amplifier probes in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein each member of the set comprises
- a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and
  - a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer,

wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are TTCCTGGCAAAYYYATKTCTYCTAMTACTGTAT (SEQ ID NO:5), CTCCAATTCCYCCTATCATTTTTGGYTTCCATY (SEQ ID NO:6), KTATYTGATCRTAYTGTCYYACTTTGATAAAAC (SEQ ID NO:7), GTTGACAGGYGTAGGTCCTACYAATAYTGTACC (SEQ ID NO:8),

	YTCAATAGGRCTAATKGGRAAATTTAAAGTRCA	(SEQ	ID	NO:9),
•	YTCTGTCAATGGCCATTGYTTRACYYTTGGGCC			NO:10),
	TKTACAWATYTCTRYTAATGCTTTTATTTTYTC	(SEQ	ID	NO:11),
	AAYTYTTGAAATYTTYCCTTCCTTTTCCATHTC	(SEQ	ID	NO:12),
5	AAATAYKGGAGTATTRTATGGATTYTCAGGCCC	(SEQ	ID	NO:13),
	TCTCCAYTTRGTRCTGTCYTTTTTCTTTATRGC	(SEQ	ID	NO:14),
	TYTYYTATTAAGYTCYCTGAAATCTACTARTTT			NO:15),
	TKTTYTAAARGGYTCYAAGATTTTTGTCATRCT			NO:16),
	CATGTATTGATADATRAYYATKTCTGGATTTTG	-		NO:17),
10	TATYTCTAARTCAGAYCCTACATACAAATCATC			NO:18),
	TCTYARYTCCTCTATTTTTGYTCTATGCTGYYC			NO:19),
	AAGRAATGGRGGTTCTTTCTGATGYTTYTTRTC	. –		NO:20),
	TRGCTGCYCCATCTACATAGAAVGTTTCTGCWC	. –		NO:21),
	GACAACYTTYTGTCTTCCAYTGTYAGTWASATA			NO:22),
15	YGAATCCTGYAAVGCTARRTDAATTGCTTGTAA	•		NO:23),
·	ITGIGARICIGITACIA	-		NO:24),
	TATTATTTGAYTRACWAWCTCTGATTCACTYTK			NO:25),
	CAGRTARACYTTTTCCTTTTTTATTARYTGYTC			NO:26),
	TCCTCCAATYCCTTTRTGTGCTGGTACCCATGM	· <del>-</del>		NO:27),
20	TCCHBBACTGACTAATYTATCTACTTGTTCATT	. –		NO:28),
	ATCTATTCCATYYAAAAATAGYAYYTTYCTGAT			NO:29),
	GTGGYAGRTTAAARTCAYTAGCCATTGCTYTCC			NO:30),
	CACAGCTRGCTACTATTTCYTTYGCTACYAYRG			NO:31),
,	KIIGCCMIMIICCRGGRCIMGE			NO:32),
25	DGATWAYTTTCCTTCYARATGTGTACAATCTA	. –		NO:33),
•	CTATRTAKCCACTRGCYACATGRACTGCTACYA	-		NO:34),
	CYTGYCCTGTYTCTGCTGGRATDACTTCTGCTT	(SEQ	מד	NO:35),
	TGSKGCCATTGTCTGTATGTAYTRYTKTTACTG			
	GAATKCCAAATTCCTGYTTRATHCCHGCCCACC	(550	ענ	NO.37),
30	ATTCYAYTACYCCTTGACTTTGGGGRTTGTAGG			
	GBCCTATRATTTKCTTTAATTCHTTATTCATAG			
	CTSTCTTAAGRTGYTCAGCYTGMTCTCTTACYT			
	TAAAATTGTGRATRAAYACTGCCATTTGTACWG			NO:41),
	CTGCACTGTAYCCCCCAATCCCCCYTYTTCTTT			NO:42),
35	TGTCTGTWGCTATYATRYCTAYTATTCTYTCCC	(2RQ	ΉD	NU:43),

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### TTRTRATTTGYTTTTGTARTTCTYTARTTTGTA (SEQ ID NO:44).

- 15. The set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 14, wherein said second segment comprises

  AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:55).
- 16. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as capture probes in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein each member of the set comprises
  - a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid; and
- a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase,

wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are
CATCTGCTCCTGTRTCTAATAGAGCTTCYTTTA (SEQ ID NO:45),
ATCCATYCCTGGCTTTAATTTTACTGGTACAGT (SEQ ID NO:46),

TATTCCTAAYTGRACTTCCCARAARTCYTGAGT (SEQ ID NO:47),
ACWYTGGAATATYGCYGGTGATCCTTTCCAYCC (SEQ ID NO:48),
CCATTTRTCAGGRTGGAGTTCATAMCCCATCCA (SEQ ID NO:49),
CTAYTATGGGKTCYKTYTCTAACTGGTACCAYA (SEQ ID NO:50),
ATCTGGTTGTGCTTGAATRATYCCYARTGCATA (SEQ ID NO:51),

17. The set of synthetic oligonucleotides of

claim 16, wherein said second segment comprises

#### CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:56).

CATGCATGGCTTCYCCTTTTAGYTGRCATTTAT (SEQ ID NO:52),

AACAGGCDGCYTTAACYGYAGYACTGGTGAAAT (SEQ ID NO:53), TGTCYCTGTAATAAACCCGAAAATTTTGAATTT (SEQ ID NO:54).

18. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as a spacer oligonucleotide in a sandwich hybridization

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assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises a segment substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are

5 TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATITCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57),

VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58),

TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59),

TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60),

YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61),

AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),

GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).

- 19. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HIV in a sample, comprising
- (a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) amplifier probe comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 10 and (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HIV-1 nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
- (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;
- under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second

WO 93/13223 PCT/US92/11168 -83-

oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;

- (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
  - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid phase complex product of step (g).
  - 20. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HIV in a sample, comprising
- (a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) amplifier probe comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 14 and (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HTV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under

  hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to
  the solid phase;
  - (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;
- (d) contacting the bound product of step (c)

  under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid
  multimer, said multimer comprising at least one
  oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary
  to the second segment of the amplifier probe
  polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second

oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;

- (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
  - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid phase complex product of step (g).
- 21. The solution sandwich hybridization assay of claim 19, wherein step (a) further comprises contacting said sample with a set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as spacer oligonucleotides in a 15 sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, said set comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises a segment substantially. complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are 20 TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57), VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58), TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59), TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60), 25 YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61), AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62), GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).
- 22. The solution sandwich hybridization assay
  of claim 20, wherein step (a) further comprises
  contacting said sample with a set of synthetic
  oligonucleotides useful as spacer oligonucleotides in a
  sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two
  oligonucleotides, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide
  comprises a segment substantially complementary to a

segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV segments are

TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57),

VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58),

TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59),

TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60),

YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61),

AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),

GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).

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- 23. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HIV in a sample, comprising
- hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer and (ii) capture probes comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 12;
- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
  - (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;
- (d) contacting the bound product of step (c)
  under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid
  multimer, said multimer comprising at least one
  oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary
  to the second segment of the amplifier probe
  polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second

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oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;

- (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
  - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the 10 solid phase complex product of step (g).
  - 24. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HIV in a sample, comprising (a) contacting the sample under
- hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer and (ii) capture probes comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 16;
  - (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
  - (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;
- 30 (d) contacting the bound product of step (c)
  under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid
  multimer, said multimer comprising at least one
  oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary
  to the second segment of the amplifier probe
  35 polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second

WO 93/13223 PCT/US92/11168

oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;

- (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
  - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid phase complex product of step (g).
- The solution sandwich hybridization assay of claim 23, wherein step (a) further comprises contacting said sample with the set of a set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as a spacer oligonucleotide in a 15 sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises a segment substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV nucleic 20 acid segments are TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57), VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58), TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59), TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60), 25
- YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61),
  AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),
  GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).
- of claim 24, wherein step (a) further comprises contacting said sample with the set of a set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as a spacer oligonucleotide in a sandwich hybridization assay for HIV, comprising two oligonucleotides, wherein the synthetic oligonucleotide comprises a segment substantially complementary to a

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segment of HIV nucleic acid, wherein said HIV nucleic acid segments are

TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57),

VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58),

TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59),

TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60),

YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTEHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61),

AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),

GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).

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- 27. A kit for the detection of HIV in a sample comprising in combination
- (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer;
- (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HIV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (iii) a nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide; and
  - (iv) a labeled oligonucleotide.

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- 28. The kit of claim 27, further comprising a set of spacer oligonucleotides, wherein said spacer oligonucleotide is selected from the group comprising TATAGCTTTHTDTCCRCAGATTTCTAYRR (SEQ ID NO:57), VCCAAKCTGRGTCAACADATTTCKTCCRATTAT (SEQ ID NO:58), TGGTGTGGTAARYCCCCACYTYAAYAGATGYYS (SEQ ID NO:59), TCCTGCTTTTCCYWDTYTAGTYTCYCTRY (SEQ ID NO:60), YTCAGTYTTCTGATTTGTYGTDTBHKTNADRGD (SEQ ID NO:61), AATTRYTGTGATATTTYTCATGDTCHTCTTGRGCCTT (SEQ ID NO:62),
- 29. The kit of claim 27, wherein said set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides is the set of claim 10.

GCCATCTKCCTGCTAATTTTARDAKRAARTATGCTGTYT (SEQ ID NO:63).

- 30. The kit of claim 27, wherein said set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides is the set of claim 14.
  - 31. The kit of claim 27, wherein said set of capture probe oligonucleotides is the set of claim 12.
  - 32. The kit of claim 27, wherein said set of capture probe oligonucleotides is the set of claim 16.
- 33. The kit of claim 27, further comprising instructions for the use thereof.

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte. ...tional application No.
PCT/US92/11168

IPC(5)	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER :C12Q 1/68; C07H 21/04					
US CL :435/5, 6; 536/23.1, 23.72, 24.3 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
B. FIELDS SEARCHED						
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system follower	d by classification symbols)	٠ ,			
<b>U.S</b> . :	435/5, 6; 536/23.1, 23.72, 24.3					
Documenta	tion searched other than minimum documentation to th	ne extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched			
Electronic o	lata base consulted during the international search (n	ame of data base and, where practicable	, search terms used)			
	E, APS, EMBASE, BIOSIS ms: HIV, sandwich or solution hybridization, captur	re probe	·			
C. DOC	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	Relevant to claim No.				
Y .	WO,A, 89/03891 (Urdea et al.) 05 M	1-33				
Y	Nature, Volume 313, issued 24 Janu "Complete nucleotide sequence of t pages 277-283, especially figures 1 ar	1-33				
Y	EP, A, 0318245 (Hogan et al.), 31 M	9,18,21,22, 25,26,28-33				
Y,P	US, A, 5,124,246 (Urdea et al) 23 Ju	ne 1992, columns 2 and 3.	1-33			
Y	US, A, 5,008,182 (Sninsky et al) 16 . 5.	1-33				
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.						
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